

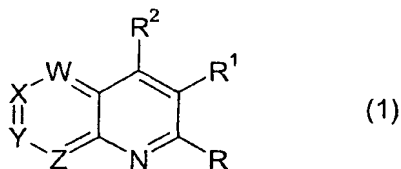
FUNGICIDES

This invention relates to novel derivatives of pyridopyrimidines, to processes for preparing them, to certain intermediate chemicals used in their manufacture, to compositions containing them and to methods of using them to combat fungi, especially fungal infections of plants.

Derivatives of the nitrogen-containing 5,6 ring system *s*-1,2,4-triazolo[1,5-*a*]pyrimidine are known from the patent literature as being useful for controlling phytopathogenic fungi. Examples of recent patent publications include EP-A-1249452, WO 02/051845, WO 02/083676, WO 02/083677, WO 02/088125, WO 02/088126, WO 02/088127. Certain derivatives of pyridopyrimidines are described, for example, in US 5597776 and WO 01/17972 as herbicide antagonists. Others are known for pharmaceutical applications (see, for example, *J. Med. Chem.* (1983), 26(3), 403).

The present invention is concerned with the provision of novel pyridopyrimidines for combating phytopathogenic diseases on plants and harvested food crops.

Thus, according to the present invention, there is provided a compound of the general formula (1):



wherein

W and Y are both N and X and Z are both CR<sup>8</sup> or X and Z are both N and W and Y are both CR<sup>8</sup>;

R<sup>8</sup> is H, halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl;

R and R<sup>2</sup> are independently H, halo, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, cyano or NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, provided that at least one of R and R<sup>2</sup> is NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>;

R<sup>1</sup> is halo, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylthio, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, aryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, aryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, aryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylthio, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylthio, morpholino, piperidino or pyrrolidino;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>, provided that

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- not both  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  are H or  $NR^5R^6$ , or  
 $R^3$  and  $R^4$  together form a  $C_{3-7}$  alkylene or  $C_{3-7}$  alkenylene chain optionally substituted with one or more  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy groups, or,  
together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached,  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  form a morpholine,  
5 thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide or thiomorpholine S-dioxide ring or a piperazine or piperazine *N*-( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl (especially *N*-methyl) ring; and  
 $R^5$  and  $R^6$  are independently H,  $C_{1-8}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-8}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-8}$  alkynyl, aryl, aryl( $C_{1-8}$ )alkyl,  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-8}$  cycloalkyl( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl, heteroaryl or heteroaryl( $C_{1-8}$ )alkyl;  
any of the foregoing alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or cycloalkyl groups or moieties (other than for  
10  $R^8$ ) being optionally substituted with halogen, cyano,  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy,  $C_{1-6}$  alkylcarbonyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxycarbonyl,  $C_{1-6}$  haloalkoxy,  $C_{1-6}$  alkylthio, tri( $C_{1-4}$ )alkylsilyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkylamino or  $C_{1-6}$  dialkylamino,  
any of the foregoing morpholine, thiomorpholine, piperidine, piperazine and pyrrolidine rings being optionally substituted with  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl (especially methyl), and  
15 any of the foregoing aryl or heteroaryl groups or moieties being optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, mercapto,  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkenyl,  $C_{2-6}$  alkynyl,  $C_{1-6}$  alkoxy,  $C_{2-6}$  alkenyloxy,  $C_{2-6}$  alkynyloxy, halo( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl, halo( $C_{1-6}$ )alkoxy,  $C_{1-6}$  alkylthio, halo( $C_{1-6}$ )alkylthio, hydroxy( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy( $C_{1-6}$ )alkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl, phenoxy, benzyloxy, benzoyloxy, cyano, isocyano, thiocyanato, iso-  
20 thiocyanato, nitro,  $-NR''R'''$ ,  $-NHCOR''$ ,  $-NHCONR''R'''$ ,  $-CONR''R'''$ ,  $-SO_2R''$ ,  $-OSO_2R''$ ,  $-COR''$ ,  $-CR''=NR'''$  or  $-N=CR''R'''$ , in which  $R''$  and  $R'''$  are independently hydrogen,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl, halo( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl,  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy, halo( $C_{1-4}$ )alkoxy,  $C_{1-4}$  alkylthio,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl,  $C_{3-6}$  cycloalkyl( $C_{1-4}$ )alkyl, phenyl or benzyl, the phenyl and benzyl groups being optionally substituted with halogen,  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl or  $C_{1-4}$  alkoxy;  
25 provided that Y is not  $CCH_3$  when W is CH, X and Z are N, R is  $NHCH_3$ ,  $R^1$  is 2,6-dichlorophenyl and  $R^2$  is H.

The invention includes a compound of the general formula (1) as defined immediately above except that:  $C_{1-8}$  alkoxy and  $C_{1-8}$  alkylthio are excluded as values of R and  $R^2$ ;  $C_7$  alkylene and  $C_{3-7}$  alkenylene are excluded as chains formed by  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ ; the  $C_{3-6}$  chain that  
30  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  may form may only be optionally substituted with one or more methyl groups; thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide, thiomorpholine S-dioxide and piperazine are excluded as rings that  $R^3$  and  $R^4$  may form; tri( $C_{1-4}$ )alkylsilyl is excluded as a substituent of

any alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or cycloalkyl group or moiety and any morpholine, piperidine or pyrrolidine ring is unsubstituted.

The invention also includes a compound of the general formula (1) as defined above where  $R^2$  is other than H and also a compound of the general formula (1) as defined above  
5 where  $R^8$  is H.

The compounds of the invention may contain one or more asymmetric carbon atoms and may exist as enantiomers (or as pairs of diastereoisomers) or as mixtures of such. They may also exist as diastereoisomers by virtue of restricted rotation about a bond. However, mixtures of enantiomers or diastereoisomers may be separated into individual isomers or  
10 isomer pairs, and this invention embraces such isomers and mixtures thereof in all proportions. It is to be expected that for any given compound, one isomer may be more fungicidally active than another.

Except where otherwise stated, alkyl groups and alkyl moieties of alkoxy, alkylthio, etc., contain from 1 to 8, suitably from 1 to 6 and typically from 1 to 4, carbon atoms in the  
15 form of straight or branched chains. Examples are methyl, ethyl, *n*- and *iso*-propyl, *n*-, *sec*-, *iso*- and *tert*-butyl, *n*-pentyl and *n*-hexyl. Cycloalkyl groups contain from 3 to 8, typically from 3 to 6, carbon atoms and include bicycloalkyl groups such as the bicyclo[2.2.1]heptyl group. Haloalkyl groups or moieties are typically trichloromethyl or trifluoromethyl or contain a trichloromethyl or trifluoromethyl terminal group.

20 Except where otherwise stated, alkenyl and alkynyl moieties also contain from 2 to 8, suitably from 2 to 6 and typically from 2 to 4, carbon atoms in the form of straight or branched chains. Examples are allyl, 2-methylallyl and propargyl. Optional substituents include halo, typically fluoro. An example of halo-substituted alkenyl is 3,4,4-trifluoro-*n*-butenyl.

25 Halo includes fluoro, chloro, bromo and iodo. Most commonly it is fluoro, chloro or bromo and usually fluoro or chloro.

Aryl is usually phenyl but also includes naphthyl, anthryl and phenanthryl.

Heteroaryl is typically a 5- or 6-membered aromatic ring containing one or more O, N or S heteroatoms, which may be fused to one or more other aromatic or heteroaromatic rings,  
30 such as a benzene ring. Examples are thienyl, furyl, pyrrolyl, isoxazolyl, oxazolyl, oxadiazolyl, pyrazolyl, imidazolyl, triazolyl, isothiazolyl, tetrazolyl, thiadiazolyl, pyridyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, pyridazinyl, triazinyl, benzofuryl, benzothienyl, dibenzofuryl,

benzothiazolyl, benzoxazolyl, benzimidazolyl, indolyl, quinolinyl and quinoxaliny groups and, where appropriate, N-oxides thereof.

The 6,6-ring systems embraced by the general formula (1) are pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidines (where W and Y are both CR<sup>8</sup> and X and Z are both N) and pyrido[3,2-d]pyrimidines (where X and Z are both CR<sup>8</sup> and W and Y are both N).

R<sup>8</sup>, which may be the same or different for the two CR<sup>8</sup> values of W, X, Y and Z, is H, halo (for example bromo), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (for example methyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy (for example methoxy) or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (for example trifluoromethyl). Usually R<sup>8</sup> will be H.

One of R and R<sup>2</sup>, preferably R<sup>2</sup>, is NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>. The other is typically halo, especially chloro or fluoro. In the case of pyrido[3,2-d]pyrimidine ring systems, the more active compounds are those where R<sup>2</sup> is NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>. R<sup>3</sup> is typically C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl (for example ethyl, *n*-propyl, *n*-butyl, *sec*-butyl (the *S*- or *R*-isomer or the racemate) and *tert*-butyl), halo(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl (for example 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl, 2,2,2-trifluoro-1-methylethyl (the *S*- or *R*-isomer or the racemate), 3,3,3-trifluoropropyl and 4,4,4-trifluorobutyl), hydroxy(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl (for example hydroxyethyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl (for example methoxymethyl and methoxy-*iso*-butyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxyhalo(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl (for example 2-methoxy-2-trifluoromethylethyl), tri(C<sub>1-4</sub>)-alkylsilyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl (for example trimethylsilylmethyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylcarbonyl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl (for example 1-acetyethyl and 1-*tert*-butylcarbonylethyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylcarbonylhalo(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl (for example 1-acetyl-2,2,2-trifluoroethyl), phenyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (for example benzyl), C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl (for example allyl and methylallyl), halo(C<sub>2-8</sub>)alkenyl (for example 3-methyl-4,4-difluorobut-3-enyl), C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl (for example propargyl), C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl (for example cyclopropyl, cyclobutyl, cyclopentyl and cyclohexyl) optionally substituted with chloro, fluoro or methyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (for example cyclopropylmethyl, cyclobutylmethyl, cyclopentylmethyl and cyclohexylmethyl), phenylamino, piperidino or morpholino, the phenyl ring of phenylalkyl or phenylamino being optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from halo (typically fluoro, chloro or bromo), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (typically methyl), halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (typically trifluoromethyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy (typically methoxy) and halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy (typically trifluoromethoxy). R<sup>4</sup> is typically H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (for example ethyl and *n*-propyl), halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (for example 2,2,2-trifluoroethyl) or amino. Alternatively R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together form a C<sub>4-6</sub> alkylene chain optionally substituted with methyl, for example 3-methylpentylene, or, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> form a morpholine, thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide or thiomorpholine S-dioxide

ring or a piperazine or piperazine *N*-(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (especially *N*-methyl) ring, in which the morpholine or piperazine rings are optionally substituted with methyl.

Typically R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted with from one to five halogen atoms, particularly fluorine and chlorine atoms and especially fluorine atoms or with from one to three substituents selected from halo (for example fluoro and chloro), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (for example methyl), halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (for example trifluoromethyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy (for example methoxy) or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy (for example trifluoromethoxy). Examples are 2,6-difluorophenyl, 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl, 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl, 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, pentafluorophenyl, 2-fluorophenyl, 2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl, 2-chloro-4,6-difluorophenyl, 2-chlorophenyl, 2,6-dichlorophenyl, 2,4-dichlorophenyl, 2,4,6-trichlorophenyl, 2,3,6-trichlorophenyl, pentachlorophenyl, 2-fluoro-4,6-dichlorophenyl, 4-fluoro-2,6-dichlorophenyl, 2-bromophenyl, 2-fluoro-6-bromophenyl, 2-bromo-4,6-difluorophenyl, 2-fluoro-6-methylphenyl, 2-chloro-6-methylphenyl, 2-methoxyphenyl, 2,6-dimethoxyphenyl, 2-fluoro-6-methoxyphenyl, 2-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2-fluoro-6-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2,6-di-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl, 2-chloro-6-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2,4-difluoro-6-trifluoromethylphenyl, 2,4-difluoro-6-methoxyphenyl and 2,4-difluoro-6-methylphenyl.

Also of particular interest are compounds where R<sup>1</sup> is pyridyl optionally substituted with from one to four halogen atoms or with from one to three substituents selected from halo (for example fluoro and chloro), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (for example methyl), halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (for example trifluoromethyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy (for example methoxy) or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy (for example trifluoromethoxy). Examples are 2,4-difluoropyrid-3-yl, 3,5-difluoropyrid-4-yl, tetrafluoropyrid-4-yl, 3-fluoropyrid-2-yl, 4-fluoropyrid-3-yl, 3-fluoropyrid-4-yl, 2-fluoropyrid-3-yl, 2,4,6-trifluoropyrid-3-yl, 3,5-difluoropyrid-2-yl, 2,6-difluoropyrid-3-yl, 2,4-difluoro-6-methoxypyrid-3-yl, 2-fluoro-4-chloropyrid-3-yl, 3-fluoro-5-chloropyrid-4-yl, 2-chloro-4-fluoropyrid-3-yl, 2,4-dichloropyrid-3-yl, 3-chloropyrid-2-yl, 4-chloropyrid-3-yl, 3-chloropyrid-4-yl, 2-chloropyrid-3-yl, 3-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl, 4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl, 3,5-dichloropyrid-2-yl, 4,6-dichloropyrid-3-yl, 3-trifluoromethylpyrid-4-yl, 2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl, 2-fluoro-4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl, 3-fluoro-5-trifluoromethylpyrid-4-yl, 4-fluoro-2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl, 2,6-dichloropyrid-3-yl, 3,5-dichloropyrid-4-yl, 3-chloro-6-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl, 3-fluoro-6-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl, pyrid-2-yl, pyrid-3-yl and pyrid-4-yl.

Also of particular interest are compounds where R<sup>1</sup> is 2- or 3-thienyl optionally substituted with from one to three halogen atoms or with from one to three substituents selected from halo (for example fluoro and chloro), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (for example methyl), halo-(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (for example trifluoromethyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy (for example methoxy) or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)-alkoxy (for example trifluoromethoxy). Examples are 3-fluorothien-2-yl, 3-chlorothien-2-yl, 2,4-difluorothien-3-yl, 2,4-dichlorothien-3-yl and 2,4,5-trichlorothien-3-yl.

Examples of other values of R<sup>1</sup> of especial interest are unsubstituted piperidino and morpholino, 2-methylpiperidino, 2,6-dimethylpiperidino and 2,6-dimethylmorpholino

In one aspect the invention provides a compound of the general formula (1) wherein  
 10 W and Y are both N and X and Z are both CR<sup>8</sup> or X and Z are both N and W and Y are both CR<sup>8</sup>;

R<sup>8</sup> is H, halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl;

one of R and R<sup>2</sup> (preferably R<sup>2</sup>) is NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> and the other is halo;

R<sup>1</sup> is halo, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylthio, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, aryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, aryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, aryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylthio, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylthio, morpholino, piperidino or pyrrolidino;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>, provided that  
 20 not both R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H or NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>, or

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together form a C<sub>3-7</sub> alkylene chain or C<sub>3-7</sub> alkenylene chain optionally substituted with one or more C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy groups, or,

together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> form a morpholine, thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide or thiomorpholine S-dioxide ring or a piperazine or  
 25 piperazine N-(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (especially N-methyl) ring; and

R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are independently H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, heteroaryl or heteroaryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl;

any of the foregoing alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or cycloalkyl groups or moieties (other than for R<sup>8</sup>) being optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, tri(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylsilyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylamino or C<sub>1-6</sub> dialkylamino,  
 30

any of the foregoing morpholine, thiomorpholine, piperidine, piperazine and pyrrolidine rings

being optionally substituted with C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (especially methyl), and any of the foregoing aryl, heteroaryl, aryloxy or heteroaryl groups being optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, mercapto, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyloxy, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylthio, hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, phenoxy, benzyloxy, benzoyloxy, cyano, isocyano, thiocyanato, isothiocyanato, nitro, -NR<sup>8</sup>, -NHCOR<sup>8</sup>, -NHCONR<sup>8</sup>, -CONR<sup>8</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, -OSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, -COR<sup>8</sup>, -CR<sup>8</sup>=NR<sup>8</sup> or -N=CR<sup>8</sup>, in which R<sup>8</sup> and R<sup>9</sup> are independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, phenyl or benzyl, the phenyl and benzyl groups being optionally substituted with halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy.

Of particular interest are compounds where R<sup>8</sup> is H.

The invention includes a compound of the general formula (1) as defined immediately above except that: C<sub>7</sub> alkylene and C<sub>3-7</sub> alkenylene are excluded as chains formed by R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>; the C<sub>3-6</sub> chain that R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> may form may only be optionally substituted with one or more methyl groups; thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide, thiomorpholine S-dioxide and piperazine are excluded as rings that R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> may form; tri(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylsilyl is excluded as a substituent of any alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or cycloalkyl group or moiety, and any morpholine, piperidine or pyrrolidine ring is unsubstituted.

In another aspect the invention provides a compound of the general formula (1) wherein

W and Y are both N and X and Z are both CR<sup>8</sup> or X and Z are both N and W and Y are both CR<sup>8</sup>;

R<sup>8</sup> is H, halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl;

one of R and R<sup>2</sup> (preferably R<sup>2</sup>) is NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup> and the other is halo;

R<sup>1</sup> is halo, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylthio, aryl, aryloxy, arylthio, heteroaryl, heteroaryloxy, heteroarylthio, aryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, aryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, aryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylthio, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylthio, morpholino, piperidino or pyrrolidino;

R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl or phenylamino in which the phenyl ring is optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or amino, or

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together form a C<sub>4-6</sub> alkylene chain optionally substituted with C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, or,

together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> form a morpholine, 5 thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide or thiomorpholine S-dioxide ring or a piperazine or piperazine *N*-(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (especially *N*-methyl) ring;

any of the foregoing alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or cycloalkyl groups or moieties (other than for R<sup>8</sup>) being optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy carbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, tri(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylsilyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylamino or C<sub>1-6</sub>

10 dialkylamino,

any of the foregoing morpholine, thiomorpholine, piperidine, piperazine and pyrrolidine rings being optionally substituted with C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (especially methyl), and

any of the foregoing aryl or heteroaryl groups or moieties being optionally substituted with

one or more substituents selected from halo, hydroxy, mercapto, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> 15 alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyloxy, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylthio, hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, phenoxy, benzyloxy, benzoyloxy, cyano, isocyano, thiocyanato, isothiocyanato, nitro, -NR<sup>'''</sup>, -NHCOR<sup>'''</sup>, -NHCONR<sup>'''</sup>, -CONR<sup>'''</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>'''</sup>, -OSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>'''</sup>, -COR<sup>'''</sup>, -CR<sup>'''</sup>=NR<sup>'''</sup> or -N=CR<sup>'''</sup>, in which R<sup>'''</sup> and R<sup>'''</sup> are independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub>

20 alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, phenyl or benzyl, the phenyl and benzyl groups being optionally substituted with halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy.

Of particular interest are compounds where R<sup>8</sup> is H.

The invention includes a compound of the general formula (1) as defined immediately 25 above except that: the C<sub>4-6</sub> chain that R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> may form may only be optionally substituted with methyl; thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide, thiomorpholine S-dioxide and piperazine are excluded as rings that R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> may form; tri(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylsilyl is excluded as a substituent of any alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or cycloalkyl group or moiety, and any morpholine, piperidine or pyrrolidine ring is unsubstituted.

30 In yet another aspect the invention provides a compound of the general formula (1) wherein

W and Y are both N and X and Z are both CR<sup>8</sup> or X and Z are both N and W and Y are both



CR<sup>8</sup>;

R<sup>8</sup> is H, halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl;

R and R<sup>2</sup> are independently H, halo, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, cyano or NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, provided that at least one of R and R<sup>2</sup> (preferably R<sup>2</sup>) is NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>;

5 R<sup>1</sup> is optionally substituted phenyl;

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are independently H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, heteroaryl, heteroaryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>, provided that not both R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are H or NR<sup>5</sup>R<sup>6</sup>, or

10 R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together form a C<sub>3-7</sub> alkylene or C<sub>3-7</sub> alkenylene chain optionally substituted with one or more C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy groups, or,

together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> form a morpholine, thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide or thiomorpholine S-dioxide ring or a piperazine or piperazine *N*-(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (especially *N*-methyl) ring; and

15 R<sup>5</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are independently H, C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, aryl, aryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, heteroaryl or heteroaryl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl;

any of the foregoing alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or cycloalkyl groups or moieties (other than for R<sup>8</sup>) being optionally substituted with halogen, cyano, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxycarbonyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> haloalkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, tri(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylsilyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylamino or C<sub>1-6</sub> dialkylamino,

20 any of the foregoing morpholine, thiomorpholine, piperidine, piperazine and pyrrolidine rings being optionally substituted with C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (especially methyl), and

any of the foregoing aryl or heteroaryl groups or moieties, including the phenyl group of R<sup>1</sup>, being optionally substituted with one or more substituents selected from halo, hydroxy,

mercapto, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkoxy, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkenyloxy, C<sub>2-6</sub> alkynyloxy,

25 halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy, C<sub>1-6</sub> alkylthio, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylthio, hydroxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, phenoxy, benzyloxy, benzoyloxy, cyano, isocyano, thiocyanato, isothiocyanato, nitro, -NR<sup>'''</sup>R<sup>'''</sup>, -NHCOR<sup>'''</sup>,

-NHCONR<sup>'''</sup>R<sup>'''</sup>, -CONR<sup>'''</sup>R<sup>'''</sup>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>'''</sup>, -OSO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>'''</sup>, -COR<sup>'''</sup>, -CR<sup>'''</sup>=NR<sup>'''</sup> or -N=CR<sup>'''</sup>R<sup>'''</sup>, in

30 which R<sup>'''</sup> and R<sup>'''</sup> are independently hydrogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylthio, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, phenyl or benzyl, the phenyl and benzyl groups being optionally substituted with halogen, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy;

provided that Y is not CCH<sub>3</sub> when W is CH, X and Z are N, R is NHCH<sub>3</sub>, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-dichlorophenyl and R<sup>2</sup> is H.

Of particular interest are compounds where R<sup>8</sup> is H.

The invention includes a compound of the general formula (1) as defined immediately  
 5 above except that: C<sub>1-8</sub> alkoxy and C<sub>1-8</sub> alkylthio are excluded as values of R and R<sup>2</sup>; C<sub>7</sub> alkylene and C<sub>3-7</sub> alkenylene are excluded as chains formed by R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>; the C<sub>3-6</sub> chain that R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> may form may only be optionally substituted with one or more methyl groups; thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide, thiomorpholine S-dioxide and piperazine are excluded as rings that R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> may form; tri(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylsilyl is excluded as a substituent of  
 10 any alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl or cycloalkyl group or moiety, and the morpholine ring that R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> may form is unsubstituted.

In still yet another aspect the invention provides a compound of the general formula (1) wherein

W and Y are both N and X and Z are both CR<sup>8</sup> or X and Z are both N and W and Y are both  
 15 CR<sup>8</sup>;

R<sup>8</sup> is H, halo (e.g. fluoro, chloro or bromo), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (e.g. methyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy (e.g. methoxy) or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (e.g. trifluoromethyl);

R is H, halo (e.g. fluoro, chloro or bromo), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl (e.g. methyl), C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy (e.g. methoxy) or cyano;

20 R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted with from one to five halogen atoms or with from one to three substituents selected from halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)-alkoxy, pyridyl optionally substituted with from one to four halogen atoms or with from one to three substituents selected from halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)-alkoxy, 2- or 3-thienyl optionally substituted with from one to three halogen atoms or with  
 25 from one to three substituents selected from halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy, or piperidino or morpholino both optionally substituted with one or two methyl groups;

R<sup>2</sup> is NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>;

30 R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1-8</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, hydroxy(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxyhalo(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, tri(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylsilyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylcarbonyl(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkylcarbonylhalo(C<sub>1-8</sub>)alkyl, phenyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkenyl, halo(C<sub>2-8</sub>)alkenyl, C<sub>2-8</sub> alkynyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl optionally substituted with chloro, fluoro or methyl, C<sub>3-8</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, phenylamino,

piperidino or morpholino, the phenyl ring of phenylalkyl or phenylamino being optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy; and

R<sup>4</sup> is H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl or amino, or

- 5 R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together form a C<sub>3-7</sub> alkylene or C<sub>3-7</sub> alkenylene chain optionally substituted with methyl, or,

together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> form a morpholine, thiomorpholine, thiomorpholine S-oxide or thiomorpholine S-dioxide ring or a piperazine or piperazine *N*-(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl (especially *N*-methyl) ring, in which the morpholine or piperazine

- 10 rings are optionally substituted with methyl;

provided that Y is not CCH<sub>3</sub> when W is CH, X and Z are N, R is NHCH<sub>3</sub>, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-dichlorophenyl and R<sup>2</sup> is H.

Of particular interest are compounds where R<sup>8</sup> is H.

In still yet another aspect the invention provides a compound of the general formula (1)

- 15 wherein

W and Y are both N and X and Z are both CR<sup>8</sup> or X and Z are both N and W and Y are both CR<sup>8</sup>;

R<sup>8</sup> is H, halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl;

R is halo;

- 20 R<sup>1</sup> is phenyl optionally substituted with from one to five halogen atoms or with from one to three substituents selected from halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy or halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy;

R<sup>2</sup> is NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>;

R<sup>3</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>2-4</sub> alkenyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl, C<sub>3-6</sub> cycloalkyl(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl or

- 25 phenylamino in which the phenyl ring is optionally substituted with one, two or three substituents selected from halo, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl, halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkoxy and halo(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkoxy; and

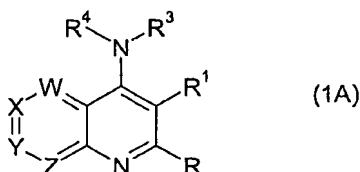
R<sup>4</sup> is H, C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl or amino, or R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> together form a C<sub>4-6</sub> alkylene chain optionally substituted with methyl, or, together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached, R<sup>3</sup>

- 30 and R<sup>4</sup> form a morpholine ring.

Of particular interest are compounds where R<sup>8</sup> is H.

Compounds that form part of the invention are illustrated in Tables 1 to 126 below. Characterising data are given later in the Examples and in Table 132.

In Table 1 the compounds have the general formula (1A), where W and Y are N, X and Z are CH, R<sup>1</sup> is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl and R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as shown in the table.



5

Table 1

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
1	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H
2	<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	H
3	<i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	H
4	<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	H
5	<i>t</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	H
6	CH <sub>2</sub> =CHCH <sub>2</sub>	H
7	CH <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	H
8	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
9	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
10	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
11	CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
12	(S)-CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
13	(R)-CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
14	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	H
15	cyclo-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	H
16	cyclo-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	H
17	cyclo-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub>	H
18	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
19	cyclo-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
20	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> O(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
21	cyclo-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
22	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
23	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
24	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
25	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
26	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
27	<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>
28	CH <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
29	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
30	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
31	<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
32	<i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
33	<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
34	CH <sub>2</sub> =CHCH <sub>2</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
35	CH <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
36	CF <sub>2</sub> =CFCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
37	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
38	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
39	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	NH <sub>2</sub>
40	4- <i>t</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
41	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
42	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH	H
43	4-CH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
44	4-Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
45	2-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
46	3,4-Cl <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	H
47	3-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
48	3,5-Cl <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	H
49	4-CF <sub>3</sub> O-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
50	2-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
51	4-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
52	2-Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
53	2-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
54	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	H
55	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -5-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	H
56	3-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	H
57	CH <sub>3</sub>	H
58	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub>	H
59	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub>	H
60	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
61	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	H
62	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
63	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
64	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
65	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	H
66	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	H
67	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
68	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
69	(S)-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
70	(R)-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
71	HC=C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	H
72	CH <sub>2</sub> =CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	H
73	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
74	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
75	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
76	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
77	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	H
78	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	H
79	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
80	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
81	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )-CH	H
82	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )-CH	H
83	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
84	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
85	CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )-CH	H
86	CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )-CH	H
87	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
88	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
89	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	H
90	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
91	<i>E</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
92	<i>E</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )-CH	H
93	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	H
94	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	H
95	CF <sub>2</sub> =CFCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
96	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	H
97	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
98	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
99	CF <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
100	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
101	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
102	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	H
103	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
104	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
105	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
106	HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
107	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
108	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
109	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
110	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	H
111	CH <sub>3</sub> O(CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	H
112	CH <sub>3</sub> O(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
113	HC≡CCH <sub>2</sub>	H
114	CH <sub>3</sub> C≡CCH <sub>2</sub>	H
115	HC≡CCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
116	HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
117	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
118	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> SiCH <sub>2</sub>	H
119	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
120	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
121	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
122	4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
123	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
124	4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
125	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
126	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
127	1-piperidino	H
128	1-pyrrolidino	H
129	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>9</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
130	Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl	H
131	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	H
132	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	H
133	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	H
134	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopropyl	H
135	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	H
136	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	H
137	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	H
138	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	H
139	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	H
140	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclobutyl	H
141	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclobutyl	H
142	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	H
143	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	H
144	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	H
145	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	H
146	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	H
147	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopentyl	H
148	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopentyl	H
149	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	H
150	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	H
151	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	H
152	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	H
153	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	H

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
154	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	H
155	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	H
156	<i>cis</i> -4-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	H
157	<i>trans</i> -4-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	H
158	4,4-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	H
159	4-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C-cyclohexyl	H
160	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -	
161	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> -	
162	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> -	
163	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>6</sub> -	
164	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
165	-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
166	-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> -	
167	-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>4</sub> -	
168	-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>5</sub> -	
169	-CH <sub>2</sub> CH=CH(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
170	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NH(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
171	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> NCH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
172	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> S(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
173	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
174	-(CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -	
175	-CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -	
176	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
177	<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
178	<i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
179	<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
180	<i>t</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
181	CH <sub>2</sub> =CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
182	CH <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
183	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
184	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
185	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
186	CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
187	(S)-CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
188	(R)-CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
189	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
190	cyclo-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
191	cyclo-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
192	cyclo-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
193	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
194	cyclo-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
195	cyclo-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
196	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
197	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
198	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
199	cyclo-C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>13</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
200	CH <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
201	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
202	4- <i>t</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
203	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
204	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
205	4-CH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
206	4-Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
207	2-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
208	3,4-Cl <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
209	3-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
210	3,5-Cl <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
211	4-CF <sub>3</sub> O-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
212	2-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
213	4-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
214	2-Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
215	2-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
216	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
217	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -5-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
218	3-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CH <sub>3</sub>
219	CH <sub>3</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
220	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
221	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
222	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
223	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CH <sub>3</sub>
224	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
225	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
226	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
227	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
228	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
229	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
230	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
231	(S)-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
232	(R)-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
233	HC=C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
234	CH <sub>2</sub> =CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
235	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
236	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
237	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
238	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
239	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CH <sub>3</sub>
240	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
241	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
242	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
243	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )-CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
244	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )-CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
245	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
246	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
247	CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
248	CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
249	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
250	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )HCH <sub>2</sub> -(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
251	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )-CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
252	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
253	<i>E</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
254	<i>E</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )-CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
255	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )-CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
256	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
257	CF <sub>2</sub> =CFCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
258	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
259	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
260	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
261	CF <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
262	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
263	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
264	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
265	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
266	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
267	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
268	HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
269	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
270	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
271	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
272	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CH <sub>3</sub>
273	CH <sub>3</sub> O(CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
274	CH <sub>3</sub> O(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
275	HC≡CCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
276	CH <sub>3</sub> C≡CCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
277	HC≡CCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
278	HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
279	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
280	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> SiCH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
281	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
282	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
283	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	H
284	4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
285	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
286	4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
287	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
288	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
289	1-piperidino	CH <sub>3</sub>
290	1-pyrrolidino	CH <sub>3</sub>
291	cyclo-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>9</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CH <sub>3</sub>
292	bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl	CH <sub>3</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
293	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
294	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
295	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
296	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopropyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
297	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
298	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
299	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
300	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
301	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
302	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclobutyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
303	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclobutyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
304	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
305	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
306	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
307	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
308	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
309	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopentyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
310	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopentyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
311	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
312	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
313	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
314	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
315	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
316	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
317	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
318	<i>cis</i> -4-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
319	<i>trans</i> -4-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
320	4,4-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
321	4-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C-cyclohexyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
322	<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
323	<i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
324	<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
325	<i>t</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
326	CH <sub>2</sub> =CHCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
327	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
328	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>



Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
329	CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
330	(S)-CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
331	(R)-CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
332	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
333	cyclo-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
334	cyclo-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
335	cyclo-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
336	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
337	cyclo-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
338	cyclo-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
339	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
340	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
341	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
342	cyclo-C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>13</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
343	4- <i>t</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
344	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
345	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
346	4-CH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
347	4-Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
348	2-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
349	3,4-Cl <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
350	3-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
351	3,5-Cl <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
352	4-CF <sub>3</sub> O-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
353	2-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
354	4-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
355	2-Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
356	2-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
357	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
358	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -5-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
359	3-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
360	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
361	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
362	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
363	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
364	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
365	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
366	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
367	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
368	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
369	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
370	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
371	(S)-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
372	(R)-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
373	HC=C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
374	CH <sub>2</sub> =CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
375	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
376	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
377	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
378	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
379	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
380	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
381	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
382	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
383	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )-CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
384	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )-CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
385	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
386	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
387	CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )-CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
388	CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )-CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
389	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
390	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
391	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
392	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
393	<i>E</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
394	<i>E</i> -C H <sub>3</sub> CH=CH-(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
395	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
396	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
397	CF <sub>2</sub> =CFCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
398	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
399	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
400	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
401	CF <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
402	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
403	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
404	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
405	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
406	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
407	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
408	HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
409	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
410	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
411	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
412	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
413	CH <sub>3</sub> O(CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
414	CH <sub>3</sub> O(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
415	HC≡CCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
416	CH <sub>3</sub> C≡CCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
417	HC≡CCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
418	HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
419	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
420	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> SiCH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
421	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
422	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
423	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
424	4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
425	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
426	4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
427	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
428	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
429	1-piperidino	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
430	1-pyrrolidino	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
431	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>9</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
432	Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
433	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
434	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
435	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
436	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopropyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
437	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
438	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
439	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
440	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
441	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
442	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclobutyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
443	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclobutyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
444	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
445	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
446	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
447	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
448	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
449	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopentyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
450	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopentyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
451	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
452	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
453	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
454	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
355	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
456	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
457	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
458	<i>cis</i> -4-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
459	<i>trans</i> -4-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
460	4,4-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
461	4-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C-cyclohexyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
462	<i>n</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
463	<i>i</i> -C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
464	<i>n</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
465	<i>t</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
466	CH <sub>2</sub> =CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
467	CH <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
468	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
469	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
470	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
471	CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
472	(S)-CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
473	(R)-CF <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
474	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
475	cyclo-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
476	cyclo-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>9</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
477	cyclo-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
478	cyclo-C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
479	cyclo-C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>7</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
480	cyclo-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>11</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
481	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
482	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
483	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
484	cyclo-C <sub>7</sub> H <sub>13</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
485	CH <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
486	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
487	4- <i>t</i> -C <sub>4</sub> H <sub>9</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
488	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
489	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
490	4-CH <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
491	4-Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
492	2-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
493	3,4-Cl <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
494	3-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
495	3,5-Cl <sub>2</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
496	4-CF <sub>3</sub> O-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
497	2-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
498	4-CF <sub>3</sub> -C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
499	2-Br-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
500	2-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
501	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
502	2-CH <sub>3</sub> -5-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
503	3-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> NH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
504	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
505	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
506	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
507	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
508	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
509	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
510	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
511	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
512	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
513	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
514	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
515	(S)-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
516	(R)-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
517	HC=C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
518	CH <sub>2</sub> =CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
520	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
521	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
522	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
523	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
524	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
525	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
526	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
527	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
528	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )-CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
529	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CF <sub>3</sub> )-CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
530	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
531	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
532	CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )-CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
533	CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )-CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
534	(S)-CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
535	(R)-CH <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
536	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
537	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
538	<i>E</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
539	<i>E</i> -CH <sub>3</sub> CH=CH(CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )-CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
540	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
541	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
542	CF <sub>2</sub> =CFCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
543	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
544	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
545	CF <sub>3</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
546	CF <sub>2</sub> =C(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
547	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
548	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
549	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
550	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
551	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH-(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
552	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub> -(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
553	HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
554	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
555	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
556	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
557	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
558	CH <sub>3</sub> O(CH <sub>3</sub> )CHCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
559	CH <sub>3</sub> O(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
560	HC≡CCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
561	CH <sub>3</sub> C≡CCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
562	HC≡CCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
563	HOCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
564	CH <sub>3</sub> OCH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
565	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> SiCH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
566	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
567	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
568	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
569	4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
570	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
571	4-Cl-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> (CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
572	C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
573	4-F-C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
574	1-piperidino	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
575	1-pyrrolidino	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
576	cyclo-C <sub>5</sub> H <sub>9</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
577	bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-yl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
578	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
579	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
580	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopropyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
581	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopropyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
582	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
583	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
584	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
585	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
586	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclobutyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
587	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclobutyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
588	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclobutyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
589	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
590	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
591	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
592	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
593	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclopentyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
594	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopentyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
595	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclopentyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
596	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
597	<i>cis</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
598	<i>trans</i> -2-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
599	<i>cis</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
600	<i>trans</i> -3-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
601	2,2-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
602	3,3-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
603	<i>cis</i> -4-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
604	<i>trans</i> -4-CH <sub>3</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
605	4,4-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> -cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
606	4-(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> C-cyclohexyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
607	<i>cis</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-fluoro-cyclopropyl	H
608	<i>trans</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-fluoro-cyclopropyl	H

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
609	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2,2-difluoro-cyclopropyl	H
610	<i>cis</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-chloro-2-fluorocyclopropyl	H
611	<i>trans</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-chloro-2-fluorocyclopropyl	H
612	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
613	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
614	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
615	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
616	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
617	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
618	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	H
619	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	H
620	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	H
621	<i>cis</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-fluoro-cyclopropyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
622	<i>trans</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-fluoro-cyclopropyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
623	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2,2-difluoro-cyclopropyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
624	<i>cis</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-chloro-2-fluorocyclopropyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
625	<i>trans</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-chloro-2-fluorocyclopropyl	CH <sub>3</sub>
626	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
627	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
628	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
629	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
630	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
631	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
632	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CH <sub>3</sub>
633	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CH <sub>3</sub>
634	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CH <sub>3</sub>
635	<i>cis</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-fluoro-cyclopropyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>

Cmpd No	R <sup>3</sup>	R <sup>4</sup>
636	<i>trans</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-fluoro-cyclopropyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
637	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2,2-difluoro-cyclopropyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
638	<i>cis</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-chloro-2-fluorocyclopropyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
639	<i>trans</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-chloro-2-fluorocyclopropyl	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
640	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
641	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
642	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
643	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
644	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
645	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
646	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
647	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
648	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>5</sub>
649	<i>cis</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-fluoro-cyclopropyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
650	<i>trans</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-fluoro-cyclopropyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
651	1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2,2-difluoro-cyclopropyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
652	<i>cis</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-chloro-2-fluorocyclopropyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
653	<i>trans</i> -1-CH <sub>3</sub> -2-chloro-2-fluorocyclopropyl	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
654	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
655	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
656	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> CHCO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
657	(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub> CCO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
658	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
659	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
660	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CF <sub>3</sub> )CH	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
661	CH <sub>3</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>
662	CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> CO(CH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> C	CF <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub>

Table 2

Table 2 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are N, X and Z are CH, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 2 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1 except  
5 that in compound 1 of Table 2, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 2 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 1 except that in the compounds of Table 2, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl.

Table 3

Table 3 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are  
10 N, X and Z are CH, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 3 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1 except that in compound 1 of Table 3, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 3 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 1 except that in the compounds of Table 3, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl.

Table 4

Table 4 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are  
15 N, X and Z are CH, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 4 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1 except that in compound 1 of Table 4, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl. Similarly,  
20 compounds 2 to 662 of Table 4 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 1 except that in the compounds of Table 4, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl.

Table 5

Table 5 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are  
25 N, X and Z are CH, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 5 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1 except that in compound 1 of Table 5, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 5 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 1 except that in the compounds of Table 5, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

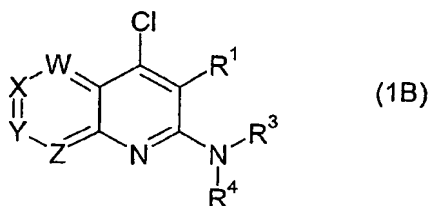
Table 6

Table 6 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are N, X and Z are CH, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 6 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1 except that in compound 1 of Table 6, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 6 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 1 except that in the compounds of Table 6, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 7

Table 7 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are N, X and Z are CH, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 7 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2 except that in compound 1 of Table 7, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 7 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 2 except that in the compounds of Table 7, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 8

Table 8 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are N, X and Z are CH, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 3. Thus, compound 1 of Table 8 is the same as compound 1 of Table 3 except that in compound 1 of Table 8, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 8 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 3 except that in the compounds of Table 8, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 9

Table 9 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are N, X and Z are CH, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 9 is the same as compound 1 of Table 4 except that in compound 1 of Table 9, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 9 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 4 except that in the compounds of Table 9, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 10

Table 10 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are N, X and Z are CH, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 10 is the same as compound 1 of Table 5

5 except that in compound 1 of Table 10, the compound has the general formula (1B).

Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 10 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 5 except that in the compounds of Table 10, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 11

Table 11 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are  
10 CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 11 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1 except that in compound 1 of Table 11, the compound has the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 11 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 1 except that in the compounds of Table 11, the compounds  
15 have the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N.

Table 12

Table 12 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 12 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2  
20 except that in compound 1 of Table 12, the compound has the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 12 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 2 except that in the compounds of Table 12, the compounds have the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N.

Table 13

25 Table 13 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 13 is the same as compound 1 of Table 3 except that in compound 1 of Table 13, the compound has the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 13 are the same as  
30 compounds 2 to 662 of Table 3 except that in the compounds of Table 13, the compounds have the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N.



Table 14

Table 14 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 14 is the same as compound 1 of Table 4 except that in compound 1 of Table 14, the compound has the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 14 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 4 except that in the compounds of Table 14, the compounds have the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N.

Table 15

Table 15 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 15 is the same as compound 1 of Table 5 except that in compound 1 of Table 15, the compound has the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 15 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 5 except that in the compounds of Table 15, the compounds have the general formula (1A) where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N.

Table 16

Table 16 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 16 is the same as compound 1 of Table 11 except that in compound 1 of Table 16, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 16 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 11 except that in the compounds of Table 16, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 17

Table 17 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 17 is the same as compound 1 of Table 12 except that in compound 1 of Table 17, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 17 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 12 except that in the compounds of Table 17, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 18

Table 18 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup>

are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 18 is the same as compound 1 of Table 13 except that in compound 1 of Table 18, the compound has the general formula (1B).

Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 18 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 13 except that in the compounds of Table 18, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

5 Table 19

Table 19 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 19 is the same as compound 1 of Table 14 except that in compound 1 of Table 19, the compound has the general formula (1B).

10 Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 19 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 14 except that in the compounds of Table 19, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 20

Table 20 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH, X and Z are N, R is Cl, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 20 is the same as compound 1 of Table 15 except that in compound 1 of Table 20, the compound has the general formula (1B).

Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 20 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 15 except that in the compounds of Table 20, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 21

20 Table 21 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 21 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1 except that in compound 1 of Table 21, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 21 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 1 except that in the compounds of Table 21, R is F instead of Cl.

Table 22

30 Table 22 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 22 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2 except that in compound 1 of Table 22, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 22 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 2 except that in the compounds of Table 22, R is F instead of Cl.

Table 23

Table 23 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 23 is the same as compound 1 of Table 3 except that in compound 1 of Table 23, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 23 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 3 except that in the compounds of Table 23, R is F instead of Cl.

Table 24

Table 24 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 24 is the same as compound 1 of Table 4 except that in compound 1 of Table 24, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 24 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 4 except that in the compounds of Table 24, R is F instead of Cl.

Table 25

Table 25 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 25 is the same as compound 1 of Table 5 except that in compound 1 of Table 25, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 25 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 5 except that in the compounds of Table 25, R is F instead of Cl.

Table 26

Table 26 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 26 is the same as compound 1 of Table 11 except that in compound 1 of Table 26, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 26 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 11 except that in the compounds of Table 26, R is F instead of Cl.

Table 27

Table 27 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 27 is the same as compound 1 of Table 12

except that in compound 1 of Table 27, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 27 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 12 except that in the compounds of Table 27, R is F instead of Cl.

#### Table 28

Table 28 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 28 is the same as compound 1 of Table 13 except that in compound 1 of Table 28, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 28 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 13 except that in the compounds of Table 28, R is F instead of Cl.

#### Table 29

Table 29 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 29 is the same as compound 1 of Table 14 except that in compound 1 of Table 29, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 29 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 14 except that in the compounds of Table 29, R is F instead of Cl.

#### Table 30

Table 30 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1A), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 30 is the same as compound 1 of Table 15 except that in compound 1 of Table 30, R is F instead of Cl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 30 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 15 except that in the compounds of Table 30, R is F instead of Cl.

#### Table 31

Table 31 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are

exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 31 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 32

Table 32 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 32 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 33

Table 33 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 33 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 34

Table 34 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 34 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-chloro-4,6-difluorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 35

Table 35 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 35 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-chlorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

10 Table 36

Table 36 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 36 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-dichlorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 37

20 Table 37 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 37 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4-dichlorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 38

30 Table 38 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the

same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 38 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trichlorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

5 Table 39

Table 39 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the  
10 same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 39 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,6-trichlorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 40

15 Table 40 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly  
20 the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 40 R<sup>1</sup> is pentachlorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 41

Table 41 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as  
25 compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are  
30 exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 41 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-4,6-dichlorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 42

Table 42 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 42 R<sup>1</sup> is 4-fluoro-2,6-dichlorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chloro-phenyl.

Table 43

Table 43 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 43 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-bromophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 44

Table 44 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 44 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-bromophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 45

Table 45 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same



as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 45 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-bromo-4,6-difluorophenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 46

Table 46 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 46 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-methylphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 47

Table 47 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 47 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-chloro-6-methylphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 48

Table 48 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are

exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 48 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-methoxyphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 49

Table 49 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 49 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-dimethoxyphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 50

Table 50 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 50 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-methoxyphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 51

Table 51 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 51 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-trifluoromethylphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 52

Table 52 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as

compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are  
5 exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 52 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-trifluoromethylphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 53

Table 53 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as  
10 compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are  
15 exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 53 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-di-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 54

Table 54 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as  
20 compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are  
25 exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 54 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-chloro-6-trifluoromethylphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 55

Table 55 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as  
30 compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the

same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 55 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4-difluoro-6-trifluoromethylphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 56

Table 56 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 56 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4-difluoro-6-methoxyphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 57

Table 57 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 57 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4-difluoro-6-methylphenyl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 58

Table 58 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are

exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 58 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4-difluoropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 59

Table 59 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 59 R<sup>1</sup> is 3,5-difluoropyrid-4-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 60

Table 60 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 60 R<sup>1</sup> is tetrafluoropyrid-4-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 61

Table 61 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 61 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-fluoropyrid-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 62

Table 62 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as

compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 62 R<sup>1</sup> is 4-fluoropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 63

Table 63 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 63 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-fluoropyrid-4-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 64

Table 64 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 64 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 65

Table 65 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are

exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 65 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trifluoropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 66

Table 66 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 66 R<sup>1</sup> is 3,5-difluoropyrid-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 67

Table 67 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 67 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 68

Table 68 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 68 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4-difluoro-6-methoxypyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 69

Table 69 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 69 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-4-chloropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 70

Table 70 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 70 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-fluoro-5-chloropyrid-4-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 71

Table 71 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 71 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-chloro-4-fluoropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 72

Table 72 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the



same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 72 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4-dichloropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

5     Table 73

Table 73 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the  
10    same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 73 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-chloropyrid-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 74

15     Table 74 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly  
20    the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 74 R<sup>1</sup> is 4-chloropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 75

Table 75 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as  
25    compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are  
30    exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 75 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-chloropyrid-4-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 76

Table 76 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 76 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-chloropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 77

Table 77 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 77 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 78

Table 78 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 78 R<sup>1</sup> is 4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 79

Table 79 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the

same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 79 R<sup>1</sup> is 3,5-dichloropyrid-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

5     Table 80

Table 80 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the  
10    same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 80 R<sup>1</sup> is 4,6-dichloropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 81

15     Table 81 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly  
20    the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 81 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-trifluoromethylpyrid-4-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 82

Table 82 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as  
25    compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are  
30    exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 82 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 83

Table 83 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 83 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-4-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 84

Table 84 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 84 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-fluoro-5-trifluoromethylpyrid-4-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 85

Table 85 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 85 R<sup>1</sup> is 4-fluoro-2-trifluoromethylpyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 86

Table 86 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 86 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-dichloropyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 87

Table 87 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 87 R<sup>1</sup> is 3,5-dichloropyrid-4-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 88

Table 88 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 88 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-chloro-6-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 89

Table 89 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same

as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 89 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-fluoro-6-trifluoromethylpyrid-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 90

Table 90 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 90 R<sup>1</sup> is pyrid-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 91

Table 91 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 91 R<sup>1</sup> is pyrid-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 92

Table 92 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are

exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 92 R<sup>1</sup> is pyrid-4-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 93

Table 93 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 93 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-fluorothien-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 94

Table 94 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 94 R<sup>1</sup> is 3-chlorothien-2-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 95

Table 95 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 95 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4-difluorothien-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 96

Table 96 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as

compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 96 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4-dichlorothien-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 97

Table 97 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 97 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,5-trichlorothien-3-yl instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 98

Table 98 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 98 R<sup>1</sup> is piperidino instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

Table 99

Table 99 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are



exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 99 R<sup>1</sup> is 2-methylpiperidino instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 100

Table 100 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 100 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-dimethylpiperidino instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 101

Table 101 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 101 R<sup>1</sup> is morpholino instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 102

Table 102 consists of 3972 compounds. Compounds 1 to 662 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 5 respectively, compounds 663 to 1324 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 10 respectively, compounds 1325 to 1986 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 15 respectively, compounds 1987 to 2648 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 20 respectively, compounds 2649 to 3310 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 25 respectively, and compounds 3311 to 3972 are exactly the same as compounds 1 to 662 of Table 30 respectively, except that in all of the compounds of Table 102 R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-dimethylmorpholino instead of 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl.

#### Table 103

Table 103 consists of 305,844 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 102 (thus, for example, compound 1 of

Table 103 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 103 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, compound 19,861 of Table 103 is the same as compound 1 of Table 31, compound 305,844 of Table 103 is the same as compound 3,972 of Table 102) except that in all of the compounds of Table 103 R is ethyl instead of Cl or F.

5    Table 104

Table 104 consists of 305,844 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 102 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 104 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 104 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, compound 19,861 of Table 104 is the same as compound 1 of Table 31, compound 305,844 of Table 104 is the same as compound 3,972 of Table 102) except that in all of the compounds of Table 104 R is Br instead of Cl or F.

10    Table 105

Table 105 consists of 305,844 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 102 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 105 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 105 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, compound 19,861 of Table 105 is the same as compound 1 of Table 31, compound 305,844 of Table 105 is the same as compound 3,972 of Table 102) except that in all of the compounds of Table 105 R is methyl instead of Cl or F.

15    Table 106

Table 106 consists of 305,844 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 102 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 106 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 106 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, compound 19,861 of Table 106 is the same as compound 1 of Table 31, compound 305,844 of Table 106 is the same as compound 3,972 of Table 102) except that in all of the compounds of Table 106 R is H instead of Cl or F.

20    Table 107

Table 107 consists of 305,844 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 102 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 107 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 107 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, compound 19,861 of Table 107 is the same as compound 1 of Table 31, compound 305,844 of Table 107 is the same as compound 3,972 of Table 102) except that in all of the compounds of Table 107 R is cyano instead of Cl or F.

Table 108

Table 108 consists of 305,844 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 102 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 108 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 108 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, compound 19,861 of Table 108 is the same as compound 1 of Table 31, compound 305,844 of Table 108 is the same as compound 3,972 of Table 102) except that in all of the compounds of Table 108 R is methoxy instead of Cl or F.

Table 109

Table 109 consists of 6620 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 10 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 109 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 109 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, etc.) except that in all of the compounds of Table 109 X is CF instead of CH.

Table 110

Table 110 consists of 6620 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 10 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 110 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 110 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, etc.) except that in all of the compounds of Table 110 X is CCl instead of CH.

Table 111

Table 111 consists of 6620 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 10 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 111 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 111 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, etc.) except that in all of the compounds of Table 111 X is CBr instead of CH.

Table 112

Table 112 consists of 6620 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 1 to 10 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 112 is the same as compound 1 of Table 1, compound 663 of Table 112 is the same as compound 1 of Table 2, etc.) except that in all of the compounds of Table 112 X is CCH<sub>3</sub> instead of CH.

Table 113

Table 113 consists of 6620 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 11 to 20 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 113 is the same as compound 1 of Table 11, compound 663 of Table 113 is the same as compound 1 of Table 12, etc.) except that in all of the compounds of Table 113 Y is CF instead of CH.

#### Table 114

Table 114 consists of 6620 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 11 to 20 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 114 is the same as compound 1 of Table 11, compound 663 of Table 114 is the same as compound 1 of Table 12, etc.) except that in all of the compounds of Table 114 Y is CCl instead of CH.

#### Table 115

Table 115 consists of 6620 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 11 to 20 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 115 is the same as compound 1 of Table 11, compound 663 of Table 115 is the same as compound 1 of Table 12, etc.) except that in all of the compounds of Table 115 Y is CBr instead of CH.

#### Table 116

Table 116 consists of 6620 compounds. Each of these compounds is exactly the same as the corresponding compound in Tables 11 to 20 (thus, for example, compound 1 of Table 116 is the same as compound 1 of Table 11, compound 663 of Table 116 is the same as compound 1 of Table 12, etc.) except that in all of the compounds of Table 116 Y is CCH<sub>3</sub> instead of CH.

#### Table 117

Table 117 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 117 is the same as compound 1 of Table 21 except that in compound 1 of Table 117, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 117 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 21 except that in the compounds of Table 117, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 118

Table 118 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B) where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,5,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 118 is the same as compound 1 of Table 22

5 except that in compound 1 of Table 118, the compound has the general formula (1B).

Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 118 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 22 except that in the compounds of Table 118, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 119

Table 119 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 119 is the same as compound 1 of Table 23 except that in compound 1 of Table 119, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 119 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 23 except that in the compounds of Table 119, the compounds have the general

15 formula (1B).

Table 120

Table 120 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 120 is the same as compound 1 of Table 24 except that in compound 1 of Table 120, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 120 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 24 except that in the compounds of Table 120, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 121

Table 121 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are N and X and Z are CH, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 121 is the same as compound 1 of Table 25 except that in compound 1 of Table 121, the compound has the general formula (1B).

Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 121 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 25 except that in the compounds of Table 121, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 122

Table 122 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,6-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are

as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 122 is the same as compound 1 of Table 26 except that in compound 1 of Table 122, the compound has the general formula (1B).

Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 122 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 26 except that in the compounds of Table 122, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

5 Table 123

Table 123 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,4,5-trifluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 123 is the same as compound 1 of Table 27 except that in compound 1 of Table 123, the compound has the general formula (1B).

10 Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 123 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 27 except that in the compounds of Table 123, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 124

Table 124 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 124 is the same as compound 1 of Table 28 except that in compound 1 of Table 124, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 124 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 28 except that in the compounds of Table 124, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

20 Table 125

Table 125 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 125 is the same as compound 1 of Table 29 except that in compound 1 of Table 125, the compound has the general formula (1B). Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 125 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 29 except that in the compounds of Table 125, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Table 126

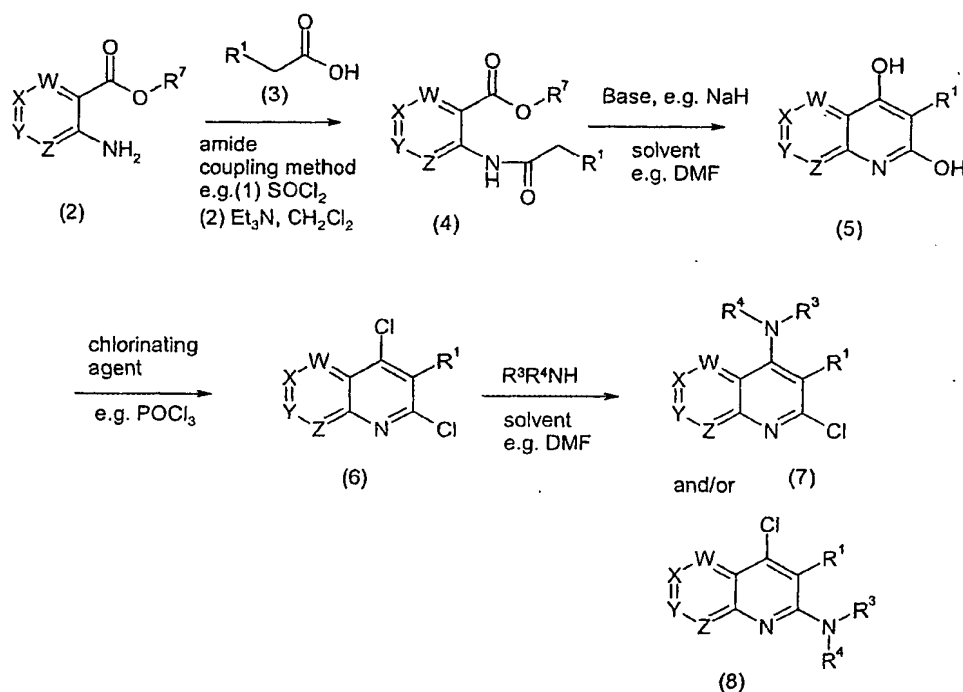
Table 126 consists of 662 compounds of the general formula (1B), where W and Y are CH and X and Z are N, R is F, R<sup>1</sup> is 2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl, and the values of R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are as listed in Table 1. Thus, compound 1 of Table 126 is the same as compound 1 of Table 30 except that in compound 1 of Table 126, the compound has the general formula (1B).

Similarly, compounds 2 to 662 of Table 126 are the same as compounds 2 to 662 of Table 30 except that in the compounds of Table 126, the compounds have the general formula (1B).

Compounds of formula (7) or (8), which are examples of compounds of general formula (1) where one of R and R<sup>2</sup> is NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, can be made as shown in Scheme 1, in which

W, X, Y, Z, R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the meanings given above and R<sup>7</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl.

Scheme 1



Compounds of general formula (4) can be prepared from compounds of general formula (2), which are either commercially available or made by methods known in the literature, by reaction with acids of general formula (3), using standard coupling methods, for example by conversion to the acid chloride using a chlorinating agent such as thionyl chloride, followed by reaction of the resultant acid chloride optionally in the presence of a base such as triethylamine, in a suitable solvent such as dichloromethane or toluene. Compounds of general formula (5) can be prepared by treating compounds of general formula (4) with a base such as sodium hydride, optionally in the presence of a Lewis acid such as magnesium oxide, in a suitable solvent such as *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) or toluene, at between room temperature and 150°C, but preferably at 60-90°C. Compounds of

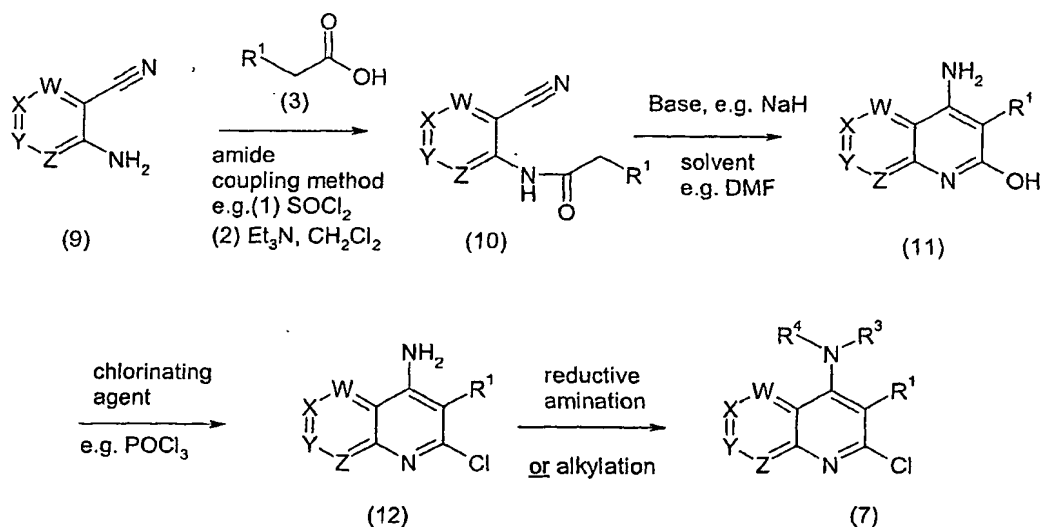
general formula (6) can be prepared by reaction of compounds of general formula (5) with a chlorination reagent such as phosphorus oxychloride, either neat or in a suitable solvent such as toluene, at between 50 and 150°C, but preferably between 80 and 110°C, or in a microwave reactor at between 150 and 300°C, but preferably between 200 and 250°C.

- 5 Compounds of formula (7) and (8) can be prepared by reaction of compounds of general formula (6) with an amine  $R^3R^4NH$ , either neat, or in a suitable solvent such as DMF, between room temperature and 150°C, but preferably between 50 and 80°C. If compounds (7) and (8) are produced as a mixture they can be separated by suitable means such as crystallisation or chromatography under normal or reverse phase conditions.

- 10 Compounds of the general formulae (5), (6), (7) and (8) may be derivatised, via the chloro or hydroxy substituents, using routine chemical techniques to form other compounds of the general formula (1). Alternatively, other compounds of the general formula (1) may be prepared using a similar methodology to that described for preparing the compounds (5) to (8) and employing preparative techniques known from the chemical literature.

- 15 Compounds of formula (7) can also be made as shown in Scheme 2.

Scheme 2



- Compounds of general formula (10) can be prepared from compounds of general formula (9), which are either commercially available or made by methods known in the literature, by reaction with acids of general formula (3), using standard coupling methods, for
- 20



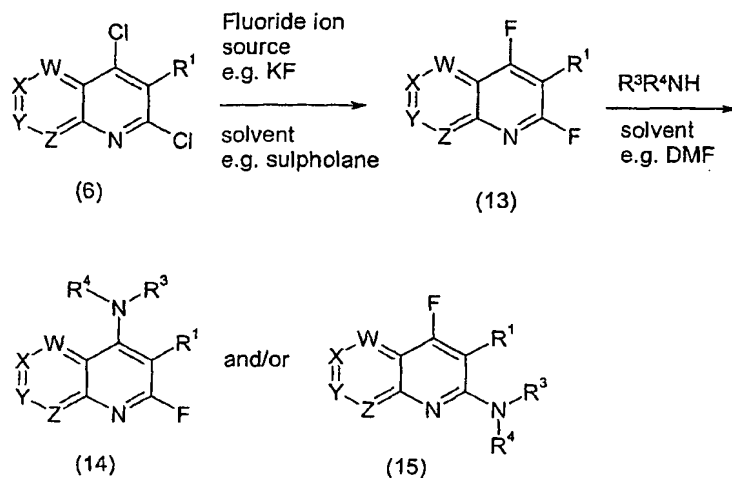
example by conversion to the acid chloride using a chlorinating agent such as thionyl chloride, followed by reaction of the resultant acid chloride optionally in the presence of a base such as triethylamine, in a suitable solvent such as dichloromethane or toluene.

Compounds of general formula (11) can be prepared by treating compounds of general formula (10) with a base such as sodium hydride, optionally in the presence of a Lewis acid such as magnesium oxide, in a suitable solvent such as *N,N*-dimethylformamide (DMF) or toluene, at between room temperature and 150°C, but preferably at 60-90°C. Compounds of general formula (12) can be prepared by reaction of compounds of general formula (11) with a chlorination reagent such as phosphorus oxychloride, either neat or in a suitable solvent such as toluene, at between 50 and 150°C, but preferably between 80 and 110°C, or in a microwave reactor at between 150 and 300°C, but preferably between 200 and 250°C.

Compounds of formula (7) can be prepared from compounds of formula (12) by reductive amination, for example by reaction with a ketone or aldehyde in a suitable solvent such as ethanol or toluene, at between room temperature and reflux, optionally in the presence of an acid catalyst such as para-toluenesulphonic acid or a drying agent such as molecular sieves, followed by treatment with a suitable reducing agent such as sodium borohydride, at between -20°C and 40°C, but preferably at room temperature. The aldehyde or ketone is chosen so that the desired groups R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> are formed after reduction of the product of reaction with the amine (12). For example if compounds of formula (12) are reacted with one equivalent of propionaldehyde and then sodium borohydride, compounds of formula (7) where R<sup>3</sup> is *n*-propyl, and R<sup>4</sup> is hydrogen are formed. If required, the reaction can be repeated with a different aldehyde or ketone. For example, if acetone is used for the second reaction, then compounds of formula (7) where R<sup>3</sup> is *n*-propyl and R<sup>4</sup> is *iso*-propyl, are formed.

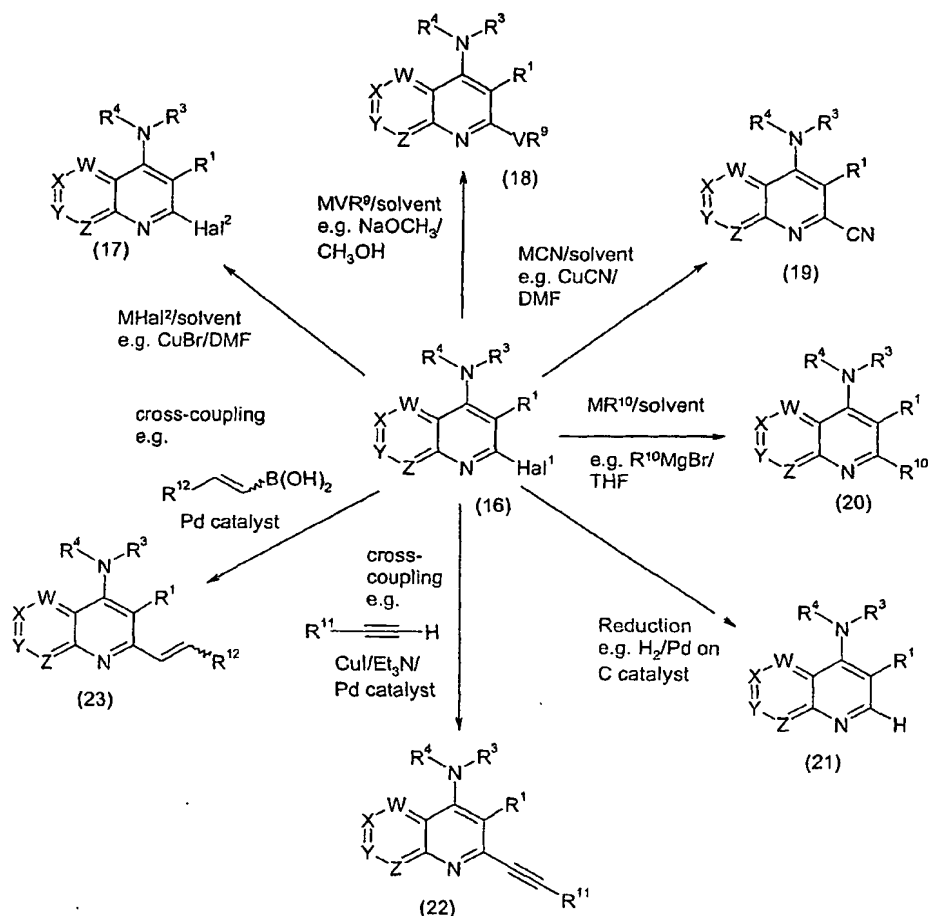
Alternatively compounds of formula (7) can be formed from compounds of formula (12) by alkylation with a group R<sup>3</sup>LG, where LG is a leaving group, by treatment with a suitable base such as sodium hydride in a solvent such as DMF, or a base such as potassium carbonate in a solvent such as acetone or DMF, at between -78°C and 100°C, but preferably between room temperature and 60°C, followed by treatment with R<sup>4</sup>LG in a second step under the same conditions if required.

Scheme 3



Compounds of formula (13) can be prepared as shown in Scheme 3 from compounds of formula (6) by reaction with a source of fluoride ion, such as potassium fluoride, in a suitable solvent such as sulfolane, at a temperature between 50°C and 200°C, but preferably at 80-150°C. Compounds of formula (14) and/or compounds of formula (15) can be prepared from difluoro compounds of formula (13) by reaction with an amine of formula  $R^3R^4NH$  in a suitable solvent such as DMF or  $CH_2Cl_2$ , at a temperature of 0°C-100°C, but preferably at room temperature.

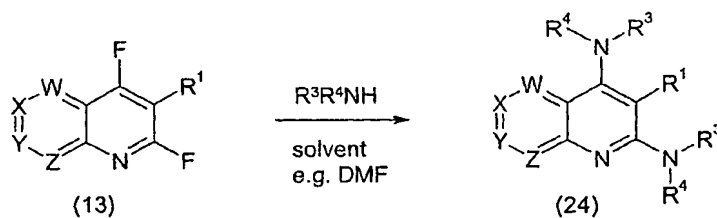
Scheme 4



Compounds of general formula (16), where  $Hal^1$  is chlorine or fluorine, can be converted into compounds of formula (17), (18), (19), (20), (21), (22) or (23) as shown in Scheme 4. Compounds of general formula (17) where  $Hal^2$  is bromine or iodine can be formed by reacting compounds of general formula (16) with a metal halide, for example cuprous bromide, in a suitable solvent, for example DMF, at between room temperature and 155°C, but preferably between 70°C and 155°C. Compounds of general formula (18) where V is oxygen or sulphur and  $R^9$  is  $C_{1-8}$  alkyl, can be formed by reacting compounds of general formula (16) with a metal alkoxide or thioalkoxide  $MVR^9$  in a suitable solvent, for example sodium methoxide in methanol, at room temperature to 65°C. Compounds of general formula (19) can be formed by reacting compounds of general formula (16) with a metal cyanide in a suitable solvent, for example cuprous cyanide in DMF, at between room temperature and

155°C but preferably between 50°C and 155°C. Compounds of general formula (20) where  $R^{10}$  is  $C_{1-8}$  alkyl, can be formed by reacting compounds of general formula (16) with an alkyl metal derivative in a suitable solvent, for example methyl magnesium bromide in THF, optionally in the presence of catalyst such as cuprous bromide or  $Pd(Ph)_4$ , between -40°C and 50°C. Compounds of general formula (21) can be formed by reduction of compounds of general formula (16), where  $Hal^1$  is chlorine, for example by hydrogenolysis with hydrogen gas and a metal catalyst such as palladium on carbon in a suitable solvent such as ethanol, at room temperature. Compounds of general formula (22) where  $R^{11}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, can be formed by reaction of compounds of general formula (16) with an alkyl acetylene under the Sonogashira conditions, for example with 1-propyne in triethylamine in the presence of a cuprous salt such as cuprous iodide and a palladium catalyst such as  $Pd(Ph)_4$ , between room temperature and 70°C. Compounds of general formula (23) where  $R^{12}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl, can be formed by reaction of compounds of general formula (16) with an alkenyl metal derivative in a suitable solvent, such as ethenylboronic acid in THF, in the presence of a palladium catalyst such as  $Pd(Ph)_4$  and a base such as caesium carbonate, between room temperature and 65°C.

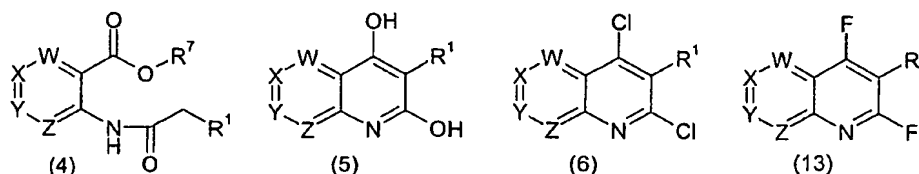
Scheme 5



In Scheme 5 compounds of general formula (24), where the two  $R^3R^4N$  groups are identical, can be made from compounds of general formula (13) by reaction with a large excess of amine  $R^3R^4NH$  in a suitable solvent such as DMF, at a temperature between 0°C and 150°C, but preferably between room temperature and 100°C.

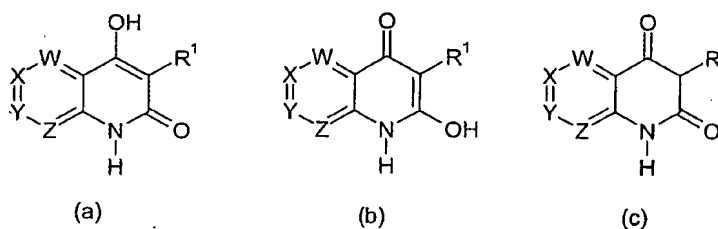
Further assistance in the preparation of the compounds of formula (1) may be derived from the following publications: Emilio, Toja, *et. al.*, *J. Heterocyclic Chem.*, 23, 1955 (1986), H. Schäfer, *et. al.*, *J. f. prakt. Chemie*, 321(4), 695 (1970) and H. Bredereck *et. al.*, *Chem. Ber.* 96, 1868-1872 (1993).

The intermediate chemicals having the general formulae (4), (5), (6) and (13):



wherein W, X, Y, Z, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are as define above, are believed to be novel compounds (other than the three compounds of formula (5) in which W and Y are both CH, X and Z are both N and R<sup>1</sup> is CH<sub>3</sub>, C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub> or C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, disclosed in H. Bredereck *et. al.*, *Chem. Ber.* 96, 1868-1872 (1993)) and form a further part of this invention.

It should be noted that the intermediate of general formula (5) may exist in the tautomeric forms (a), (b) and (c) as well as in the form shown in formula (5):



The invention as defined by the general formula (5) embraces all such tautomers.

Of particular interest are the intermediates listed in Tables 127 to 134 below. In Table 127 the compounds have the general formula (4) where R<sup>7</sup> is methyl and W, X, Y, Z and R<sup>1</sup> have the values shown in the table.

Table 127

Cmpd No.	R <sup>1</sup>	W	X	Y	Z
1	2,4,6-trifluorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
2	2,5,6-trifluorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
3	2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
4	2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
5	2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl	N	CH	N	CH
6	2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
7	2,6-difluorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
8	2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
9	2-fluorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH

10	2-chlorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
11	2-bromophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
12	2,4-dichlorophenyl	N	CH	N	CH
13	2,4,6-trifluorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
14	2,5,6-trifluorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
15	2,3,4,5,6-pentafluorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
16	2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
17	2,6-difluoro-4-methoxyphenyl	CH	N	CH	N
18	2-fluoro-6-chlorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
19	2,6-difluorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
20	2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
21	2-fluorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
22	2-chlorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
23	2-bromophenyl	CH	N	CH	N
24	2,4-dichlorophenyl	CH	N	CH	N

Table 128

Table 128 consists of 24 compounds of the general formula (5), where W, X, Y, Z and R<sup>1</sup> have the values given in Table 127. Thus, compound 1 of Table 128 has the same W, X, Y, Z and R<sup>1</sup> values as compound 1 of Table 127, etc.

Table 129

Table 129 consists of 24 compounds of the general formula (6), where W, X, Y, Z and R<sup>1</sup> have the values given in Table 127. Thus, compound 1 of Table 129 has the same W, X, Y, Z and R<sup>1</sup> values as compound 1 of Table 127, etc.

Table 130

Table 130 consists of 24 compounds of the general formula (13), where W, X, Y, Z and R<sup>1</sup> have the values given in Table 127. Thus, compound 1 of Table 130 has the same W, X, Y, Z and R<sup>1</sup> values as compound 1 of Table 127, etc.

Table 131

Table 131 consists of 24 compounds of the general formula (4), where W, X, Y, Z and R<sup>1</sup> have the values given in Table 127 and R<sup>7</sup> is ethyl. Thus, compound 1 of Table 131 is the same as compound 1 of Table 127 except that in compound 1 of Table 131, R<sup>7</sup> is ethyl

instead of methyl. Similarly, compounds 2 to 24 of Table 131 are the same as compounds 2 to 24 of Table 127 except that in the compounds of Table 131, R<sup>7</sup> is ethyl.

The compounds of formula (1) are active fungicides and may be used to control one or more of the following pathogens: *Pyricularia oryzae* (*Magnaporthe grisea*) on rice and wheat and other *Pyricularia* spp. on other hosts; *Puccinia triticina* (or *recondita*), *Puccinia striiformis* and other rusts on wheat, *Puccinia hordei*, *Puccinia striiformis* and other rusts on barley, and rusts on other hosts (for example turf, rye, coffee, pears, apples, peanuts, sugar beet, vegetables and ornamental plants); *Erysiphe cichoracearum* on cucurbits (for example melon); *Blumeria* (or *Erysiphe*) *graminis* (powdery mildew) on barley, wheat, rye and turf and other powdery mildews on various hosts, such as *Sphaerotheca macularis* on hops, *Sphaerotheca fusca* (*Sphaerotheca fuliginea*) on cucurbits (for example cucumber), *Leveillula taurica* on tomatoes, aubergine and green pepper, *Podosphaera leucotricha* on apples and *Uncinula necator* on vines; *Cochliobolus* spp., *Helminthosporium* spp., *Drechslera* spp. (*Pyrenophora* spp.), *Rhynchosporium* spp., *Mycosphaerella graminicola* (*Septoria tritici*) and *Phaeosphaeria nodorum* (*Stagonospora nodorum* or *Septoria nodorum*), *Pseudocercospora herpotrichoides* and *Gaeumannomyces graminis* on cereals (for example wheat, barley, rye), turf and other hosts; *Cercospora arachidicola* and *Cercosporidium personatum* on peanuts and other *Cercospora* spp. on other hosts, for example sugar beet, bananas, soya beans and rice; *Botrytis cinerea* (grey mould) on tomatoes, strawberries, vegetables, vines and other hosts and other *Botrytis* spp. on other hosts; *Alternaria* spp. on vegetables (for example carrots), oil-seed rape, apples, tomatoes, potatoes, cereals (for example wheat) and other hosts; *Venturia* spp. (including *Venturia inaequalis* (scab)) on apples, pears, stone fruit, tree nuts and other hosts; *Cladosporium* spp. on a range of hosts including cereals (for example wheat) and tomatoes; *Monilinia* spp. on stone fruit, tree nuts and other hosts; *Didymella* spp. on tomatoes, turf, wheat, cucurbits and other hosts; *Phoma* spp. on oil-seed rape, turf, rice, potatoes, wheat and other hosts; *Aspergillus* spp. and *Aureobasidium* spp. on wheat, lumber and other hosts; *Ascochyta* spp. on peas, wheat, barley and other hosts; *Stemphylium* spp. (*Pleospora* spp.) on apples, pears, onions and other hosts; summer diseases (for example bitter rot (*Glomerella cingulata*), black rot or frog-eye leaf spot (*Botryosphaeria obtusa*), Brooks fruit spot (*Mycosphaerella pomi*), Cedar apple rust (*Gymnosporangium juniperi-virginianae*), sooty blotch (*Gloeodes pomigena*), flyspeck (*Schizothyrium pomi*) and white rot (*Botryosphaeria dothidea*)) on apples and pears;

*Plasmopara viticola* on vines; other downy mildews, such as *Bremia lactucae* on lettuce, *Peronospora* spp. on soybeans, tobacco, onions and other hosts, *Pseudoperonospora humuli* on hops and *Pseudoperonospora cubensis* on cucurbits; *Pythium* spp. (including *Pythium ultimum*) on turf and other hosts; *Phytophthora infestans* on potatoes and tomatoes and other  
5 *Phytophthora* spp. on vegetables, strawberries, avocado, pepper, ornamentals, tobacco, cocoa and other hosts; *Thanatephorus cucumeris* on rice and turf and other *Rhizoctonia* spp. on various hosts such as wheat and barley, peanuts, vegetables, cotton and turf; *Sclerotinia* spp. on turf, peanuts, potatoes, oil-seed rape and other hosts; *Sclerotium* spp. on turf, peanuts and other hosts; *Gibberella fujikuroi* on rice; *Colletotrichum* spp. on a range of hosts  
10 including turf, coffee and vegetables; *Laetisaria fuciformis* on turf; *Mycosphaerella* spp. on bananas, peanuts, citrus, pecans, papaya and other hosts; *Diaporthe* spp. on citrus, soybean, melon, pears, lupin and other hosts; *Elsinoe* spp. on citrus, vines, olives, pecans, roses and other hosts; *Verticillium* spp. on a range of hosts including hops, potatoes and tomatoes; *Pyrenopeziza* spp. on oil-seed rape and other hosts; *Oncobasidium theobromae* on cocoa  
15 causing vascular streak dieback; *Fusarium* spp., *Typhula* spp., *Microdochium nivale*, *Ustilago* spp., *Urocystis* spp., *Tilletia* spp. and *Claviceps purpurea* on a variety of hosts but particularly wheat, barley, turf and maize; *Ramularia* spp. on sugar beet, barley and other hosts; post-harvest diseases particularly of fruit (for example *Penicillium digitatum*, *Penicillium italicum* and *Trichoderma viride* on oranges, *Colletotrichum musae* and  
20 *Gloeosporium musarum* on bananas and *Botrytis cinerea* on grapes); other pathogens on vines, notably *Eutypa lata*, *Guignardia bidwellii*, *Phellinus igniarius*, *Phomopsis viticola*, *Pseudopeziza tracheiphila* and *Stereum hirsutum*; other pathogens on trees (for example *Lophodermium seditiosum*) or lumber, notably *Cephalosporium fragrans*, *Ceratocystis* spp., *Ophiostoma piceae*, *Penicillium* spp., *Trichoderma pseudokoningii*, *Trichoderma viride*,  
25 *Trichoderma harzianum*, *Aspergillus niger*, *Leptographium lindbergii* and *Aureobasidium pullulans*; and fungal vectors of viral diseases (for example *Polymyxa graminis* on cereals as the vector of barley yellow mosaic virus (BYMV) and *Polymyxa betae* on sugar beet as the vector of rhizomania).

A compound of formula (1) may move acropetally, basipetally or locally in plant  
30 tissue to be active against one or more fungi. Moreover, a compound of formula (1) may be volatile enough to be active in the vapour phase against one or more fungi on the plant.



The invention therefore provides a method of combating or controlling phytopathogenic fungi which comprises applying a fungicidally effective amount of a compound of formula (1), or a composition containing a compound of formula (1), to a plant, to a seed of a plant, to the locus of the plant or seed or to soil or any other plant growth medium, e.g.

5 nutrient solution.

The term "plant" as used herein includes seedlings, bushes and trees. Furthermore, the fungicidal method of the invention includes protectant, curative, systemic, eradicator and antispore treatments.

The compounds of formula (1) are preferably used for agricultural, horticultural and turfgrass purposes in the form of a composition.

In order to apply a compound of formula (1) to a plant, to a seed of a plant, to the locus of the plant or seed or to soil or any other growth medium, a compound of formula (1) is usually formulated into a composition which includes, in addition to the compound of formula (1), a suitable inert diluent or carrier and, optionally, a surface active agent (SFA). SFAs are chemicals that are able to modify the properties of an interface (for example, liquid/solid, liquid/air or liquid/liquid interfaces) by lowering the interfacial tension and thereby leading to changes in other properties (for example dispersion, emulsification and wetting). It is preferred that all compositions (both solid and liquid formulations) comprise, by weight, 0.0001 to 95%, more preferably 1 to 85%, for example 5 to 60%, of a compound of formula (1). The composition is generally used for the control of fungi such that a compound of formula (1) is applied at a rate of from 0.1g to 10kg per hectare, preferably from 1g to 6kg per hectare, more preferably from 1g to 1kg per hectare.

When used in a seed dressing, a compound of formula (1) is used at a rate of 0.0001g to 10g (for example 0.001g or 0.05g), preferably 0.005g to 10g, more preferably 0.005g to 4g, per kilogram of seed.

In another aspect the present invention provides a fungicidal composition comprising a fungicidally effective amount of a compound of formula (1) and a suitable carrier or diluent therefor.

In a still further aspect the invention provides a method of combating and controlling fungi at a locus, which comprises treating the fungi, or the locus of the fungi with a fungicidally effective amount of a composition comprising a compound of formula (1).

The compositions can be chosen from a number of formulation types, including dustable powders (DP), soluble powders (SP), water soluble granules (SG), water dispersible granules (WG), wettable powders (WP), granules (GR) (slow or fast release), soluble concentrates (SL), oil miscible liquids (OL), ultra low volume liquids (UL), emulsifiable concentrates (EC), dispersible concentrates (DC), emulsions (both oil in water (EW) and water in oil (EO)), micro-emulsions (ME), suspension concentrates (SC), aerosols, fogging/smoke formulations, capsule suspensions (CS) and seed treatment formulations. The formulation type chosen in any instance will depend upon the particular purpose envisaged and the physical, chemical and biological properties of the compound of formula (1).

Dustable powders (DP) may be prepared by mixing a compound of formula (1) with one or more solid diluents (for example natural clays, kaolin, pyrophyllite, bentonite, alumina, montmorillonite, kieselguhr, chalk, diatomaceous earths, calcium phosphates, calcium and magnesium carbonates, sulphur, lime, flours, talc and other organic and inorganic solid carriers) and mechanically grinding the mixture to a fine powder.

Soluble powders (SP) may be prepared by mixing a compound of formula (1) with one or more water-soluble inorganic salts (such as sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate or magnesium sulphate) or one or more water-soluble organic solids (such as a polysaccharide) and, optionally, one or more wetting agents, one or more dispersing agents or a mixture of said agents to improve water dispersibility/solubility. The mixture is then ground to a fine powder. Similar compositions may also be granulated to form water soluble granules (SG).

Wettable powders (WP) may be prepared by mixing a compound of formula (1) with one or more solid diluents or carriers, one or more wetting agents and, preferably, one or more dispersing agents and, optionally, one or more suspending agents to facilitate the dispersion in liquids. The mixture is then ground to a fine powder. Similar compositions may also be granulated to form water dispersible granules (WG).

Granules (GR) may be formed either by granulating a mixture of a compound of formula (1) and one or more powdered solid diluents or carriers, or from pre-formed blank granules by absorbing a compound of formula (1) (or a solution thereof, in a suitable agent) in a porous granular material (such as pumice, attapulgate clays, fuller's earth, kieselguhr, diatomaceous earths or ground corn cobs) or by adsorbing a compound of formula (1) (or a solution thereof, in a suitable agent) on to a hard core material (such as sands, silicates, mineral carbonates, sulphates or phosphates) and drying if necessary. Agents which are

commonly used to aid absorption or adsorption include solvents (such as aliphatic and aromatic petroleum solvents, alcohols, ethers, ketones and esters) and sticking agents (such as polyvinyl acetates, polyvinyl alcohols, dextrans, sugars and vegetable oils). One or more other additives may also be included in granules (for example an emulsifying agent, wetting agent or dispersing agent).

Dispersible Concentrates (DC) may be prepared by dissolving a compound of formula (1) in water or an organic solvent, such as a ketone, alcohol or glycol ether. These solutions may contain a surface active agent (for example to improve water dilution or prevent crystallisation in a spray tank).

Emulsifiable concentrates (EC) or oil-in-water emulsions (EW) may be prepared by dissolving a compound of formula (1) in an organic solvent (optionally containing one or more wetting agents, one or more emulsifying agents or a mixture of said agents). Suitable organic solvents for use in ECs include aromatic hydrocarbons (such as alkylbenzenes or alkylnaphthalenes, exemplified by SOLVESSO 100, SOLVESSO 150 and SOLVESSO 200; SOLVESSO is a Registered Trade Mark), ketones (such as cyclohexanone or methylcyclohexanone), alcohols (such as benzyl alcohol, furfuryl alcohol or butanol), *N*-alkylpyrrolidones (such as *N*-methylpyrrolidone or *N*-octylpyrrolidone), dimethyl amides of fatty acids (such as C<sub>8</sub>-C<sub>10</sub> fatty acid dimethylamide) and chlorinated hydrocarbons. An EC product may spontaneously emulsify on addition to water, to produce an emulsion with sufficient stability to allow spray application through appropriate equipment. Preparation of an EW involves obtaining a compound of formula (1) either as a liquid (if it is not a liquid at room temperature, it may be melted at a reasonable temperature, typically below 70°C) or in solution (by dissolving it in an appropriate solvent) and then emulsifying the resultant liquid or solution into water containing one or more SFAs, under high shear, to produce an emulsion. Suitable solvents for use in EWs include vegetable oils, chlorinated hydrocarbons (such as chlorobenzenes), aromatic solvents (such as alkylbenzenes or alkylnaphthalenes) and other appropriate organic solvents that have a low solubility in water.

Microemulsions (ME) may be prepared by mixing water with a blend of one or more solvents with one or more SFAs, to produce spontaneously a thermodynamically stable isotropic liquid formulation. A compound of formula (1) is present initially in either the water or the solvent/SFA blend. Suitable solvents for use in MEs include those hereinbefore described for use in ECs or in EWs. An ME may be either an oil-in-water or a water-in-oil

system (which system is present may be determined by conductivity measurements) and may be suitable for mixing water-soluble and oil-soluble pesticides in the same formulation. An ME is suitable for dilution into water, either remaining as a microemulsion or forming a conventional oil-in-water emulsion.

5        Suspension concentrates (SC) may comprise aqueous or non-aqueous suspensions of finely divided insoluble solid particles of a compound of formula (1). SCs may be prepared by ball or bead milling the solid compound of formula (1) in a suitable medium, optionally with one or more dispersing agents, to produce a fine particle suspension of the compound. One or more wetting agents may be included in the composition and a suspending agent may  
10       be included to reduce the rate at which the particles settle. Alternatively, a compound of formula (1) may be dry milled and added to water, containing agents hereinbefore described, to produce the desired end product.

      Aerosol formulations comprise a compound of formula (1) and a suitable propellant (for example *n*-butane). A compound of formula (1) may also be dissolved or dispersed in a  
15       suitable medium (for example water or a water miscible liquid, such as *n*-propanol) to provide compositions for use in non-pressurised, hand-actuated spray pumps.

      A compound of formula (1) may be mixed in the dry state with a pyrotechnic mixture to form a composition suitable for generating, in an enclosed space, a smoke containing the compound.

20       Capsule suspensions (CS) may be prepared in a manner similar to the preparation of EW formulations but with an additional polymerisation stage such that an aqueous dispersion of oil droplets is obtained, in which each oil droplet is encapsulated by a polymeric shell and contains a compound of formula (1) and, optionally, a carrier or diluent therefor. The polymeric shell may be produced by either an interfacial polycondensation reaction or by a  
25       coacervation procedure. The compositions may provide for controlled release of the compound of formula (1) and they may be used for seed treatment. A compound of formula (1) may also be formulated in a biodegradable polymeric matrix to provide a slow, controlled release of the compound.

      A composition may include one or more additives to improve the biological  
30       performance of the composition (for example by improving wetting, retention or distribution on surfaces; resistance to rain on treated surfaces; or uptake or mobility of a compound of formula (1)). Such additives include surface active agents, spray additives based on oils, for

example certain mineral oils or natural plant oils (such as soy bean and rape seed oil), and blends of these with other bio-enhancing adjuvants (ingredients which may aid or modify the action of a compound of formula (1)).

A compound of formula (1) may also be formulated for use as a seed treatment, for example as a powder composition, including a powder for dry seed treatment (DS), a water soluble powder (SS) or a water dispersible powder for slurry treatment (WS), or as a liquid composition, including a flowable concentrate (FS), a solution (LS) or a capsule suspension (CS). The preparations of DS, SS, WS, FS and LS compositions are very similar to those of, respectively, DP, SP, WP, SC and DC compositions described above. Compositions for treating seed may include an agent for assisting the adhesion of the composition to the seed (for example a mineral oil or a film-forming barrier).

Wetting agents, dispersing agents and emulsifying agents may be SFAs of the cationic, anionic, amphoteric or non-ionic type.

Suitable SFAs of the cationic type include quaternary ammonium compounds (for example cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide), imidazolines and amine salts.

Suitable anionic SFAs include alkali metals salts of fatty acids, salts of aliphatic monoesters of sulphuric acid (for example sodium lauryl sulphate), salts of sulphonated aromatic compounds (for example sodium dodecylbenzenesulphonate, calcium dodecylbenzenesulphonate, butylnaphthalene sulphonate and mixtures of sodium di-*isopropyl*- and tri-*isopropyl*-naphthalene sulphonates), ether sulphates, alcohol ether sulphates (for example sodium laureth-3-sulphate), ether carboxylates (for example sodium laureth-3-carboxylate), phosphate esters (products from the reaction between one or more fatty alcohols and phosphoric acid (predominately mono-esters) or phosphorus pentoxide (predominately di-esters), for example the reaction between lauryl alcohol and tetraphosphoric acid; additionally these products may be ethoxylated), sulphosuccinamates, paraffin or olefine sulphonates, taurates and lignosulphonates.

Suitable SFAs of the amphoteric type include betaines, propionates and glycines.

Suitable SFAs of the non-ionic type include condensation products of alkylene oxides, such as ethylene oxide, propylene oxide, butylene oxide or mixtures thereof, with fatty alcohols (such as oleyl alcohol or cetyl alcohol) or with alkylphenols (such as octylphenol, nonylphenol or octylcresol); partial esters derived from long chain fatty acids or hexitol anhydrides; condensation products of said partial esters with ethylene oxide; block polymers

(comprising ethylene oxide and propylene oxide); alkanolamides; simple esters (for example fatty acid polyethylene glycol esters); amine oxides (for example lauryl dimethyl amine oxide); and lecithins.

Suitable suspending agents include hydrophilic colloids (such as polysaccharides, polyvinylpyrrolidone or sodium carboxymethylcellulose) and swelling clays (such as bentonite or attapulgite).

A compound of formula (1) may be applied by any of the known means of applying fungicidal compounds. For example, it may be applied, formulated or unformulated, to any part of the plant, including the foliage, stems, branches or roots, to the seed before it is planted or to other media in which plants are growing or are to be planted (such as soil surrounding the roots, the soil generally, paddy water or hydroponic culture systems), directly or it may be sprayed on, dusted on, applied by dipping, applied as a cream or paste formulation, applied as a vapour or applied through distribution or incorporation of a composition (such as a granular composition or a composition packed in a water-soluble bag) in soil or an aqueous environment.

A compound of formula (1) may also be injected into plants or sprayed onto vegetation using electrodynamic spraying techniques or other low volume methods, or applied by land or aerial irrigation systems.

Compositions for use as aqueous preparations (aqueous solutions or dispersions) are generally supplied in the form of a concentrate containing a high proportion of the active ingredient, the concentrate being added to water before use. These concentrates, which may include DCs, SCs, ECs, EWs, MEs SGs, SPs, WPs, WGs and CSs, are often required to withstand storage for prolonged periods and, after such storage, to be capable of addition to water to form aqueous preparations which remain homogeneous for a sufficient time to enable them to be applied by conventional spray equipment. Such aqueous preparations may contain varying amounts of a compound of formula (1) (for example 0.0001 to 10%, by weight) depending upon the purpose for which they are to be used.

A compound of formula (1) may be used in mixtures with fertilisers (for example nitrogen-, potassium- or phosphorus-containing fertilisers). Suitable formulation types include granules of fertiliser. The mixtures suitably contain up to 25% by weight of the compound of formula (1).

The invention therefore also provides a fertiliser composition comprising a fertiliser and a compound of formula (1).

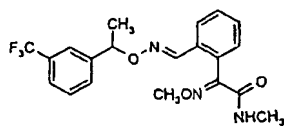
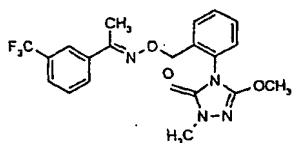
The compositions of this invention may contain other compounds having biological activity, for example micronutrients or compounds having similar or complementary  
5 fungicidal activity or which possess plant growth regulating, herbicidal, insecticidal, nematocidal or acaricidal activity.

By including another fungicide, the resulting composition may have a broader spectrum of activity or a greater level of intrinsic activity than the compound of formula (1) alone. Further the other fungicide may have a synergistic effect on the fungicidal activity of  
10 the compound of formula (1).

The compound of formula (1) may be the sole active ingredient of the composition or it may be admixed with one or more additional active ingredients such as a pesticide, fungicide, synergist, herbicide or plant growth regulator where appropriate. An additional active ingredient may: provide a composition having a broader spectrum of activity or  
15 increased persistence at a locus; synergise the activity or complement the activity (for example by increasing the speed of effect or overcoming repellency) of the compound of formula (1); or help to overcome or prevent the development of resistance to individual components. The particular additional active ingredient will depend upon the intended utility of the composition.

20 Examples of fungicidal compounds which may be included in the composition of the invention are AC 382042 (*N*-(1-cyano-1,2-dimethylpropyl)-2-(2,4-dichlorophenoxy) propionamide), acibenzolar-S-methyl, alanycarb, aldimorph, anilazine, azaconazole, azafenidin, azoxystrobin, benalaxyl, benomyl, benthiavalicarb, biloxazol, bitertanol, blasticidin S, boscalid (new name for nicobifen), bromuconazole, bupirimate, captafol, captan,  
25 carbendazim, carbendazim chlorhydrate, carboxin, carpropamid, carvone, CGA 41396, CGA 41397, chinomethionate, chlorbenzthiazole, chlorothalonil, chlorozoline, clozylacon, copper containing compounds such as copper oxychloride, copper oxyquinolate, copper sulphate, copper tallate, and Bordeaux mixture, cyamidazosulfamid, cyazofamid (IKF-916), cyflufenamid, cymoxanil, cyproconazole, cyprodinil, debacarb, di-2-pyridyl disulphide  
30 1,1'-dioxide, dichlofluandil, diclocymet, diclomezine, dicloran, diethofencarb, difenoconazole, difenzoquat, diflumetorim, *O,O*-di-*iso*-propyl-*S*-benzyl thiophosphate, dimefluazole, dimetconazole, dimethirimol, dimethomorph, dimoxystrobin, diniconazole,

dinocap, dithianon, dodecyl dimethyl ammonium chloride, dodemorph, dodine, doguadine,  
 edifenphos, epoxiconazole, ethaboxam, ethirimol, ethyl (Z)-N-benzyl-N([methyl(methyl-  
 thioethylideneaminooxycarbonyl)amino]thio)-β-alaninate, etridiazole, famoxadone,  
 fenamidone, fenarimol, fenbuconazole, fenfuram, fenhexamid, fenoxanil (AC 382042),  
 5 fenpiclonil, fenpropidin, fenpropimorph, fentin acetate, fentin hydroxide, ferbam, ferimzone,  
 fluazinam, fludioxonil, flumetover, flumorph, fluoroimide, fluoxastrobin, fluquinconazole,  
 flusilazole, flusulfamide, flutolanil, flutriafol, folpet, fosetyl-aluminium, fuberidazole,  
 furalaxyl, furametpyr, guazatine, hexaconazole, hydroxyisoxazole, hymexazole, imazalil,  
 imibenconazole, iminoctadine, iminoctadine triacetate, ipconazole, iprobenfos, iprodione,  
 10 iprovalicarb, isopropanyl butyl carbamate, isoprothiolane, kasugamycin, kresoxim-methyl,  
 LY186054, LY211795, LY 248908, mancozeb, maneb, mefenoxam, mepanipyrim, mepronil,  
 metalaxyl, metalaxyl M, metconazole, metiram, metiram-zinc, metominostrobin, metra-  
 fenone, MON65500 (N  
 -allyl-4,5-dimethyl-2-trimethylsilylthiophene-3-carboxamide), myclobutanil, NTN0301,  
 15 neosozin, nickel dimethyldithiocarbamate, nitrothale-isopropyl, nuarimol, ofurace,  
 organomercury compounds, orysastrobin, oxadixyl, oxasulfuron, oxolinic acid,  
 oxpoconazole, oxycarboxin, pefurazoate, penconazole, pencycuron, phenazin oxide,  
 phosphorus acids, phthalide, picoxystrobin, polyoxin D, polyram, probenazole, prochloraz,  
 procymidone, propamocarb, propamocarb hydrochloride, propiconazole, propineb, propionic  
 20 acid, proquinazid, prothioconazole, pyraclostrobin, pyrazophos, pyrifenoxy, pyrimethanil,  
 pyroquilon, pyroxyfur, pyrrolnitrin, quaternary ammonium compounds, quinomethionate,  
 quinoxifen, quintozone, silthiofam (MON 65500), S-imazalil, simeconazole, sipconazole,  
 sodium pentachlorophenate, spiroxamine, streptomycin, sulphur, tebuconazole, tecloftalam,  
 tecnazene, tetraconazole, thiabendazole, thifluzamide, 2-(thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole,  
 25 thiophanate-methyl, thiram, tiadinil, timibenconazole, tolclofos-methyl, tolylfluanid,  
 triadimefon, triadimenol, triazbutil, triazoxide, tricyclazole, tridemorph, trifloxystrobin,  
 triflumizole, triforine, triticonazole, validamycin A, vapam, vinclozolin, XRD-563, zineb,  
 ziram, zoxamide and compounds of the formulae:





The compounds of formula (1) may be mixed with soil, peat or other rooting media for the protection of plants against seed-borne, soil-borne or foliar fungal diseases.

Some mixtures may comprise active ingredients, which have significantly different physical, chemical or biological properties such that they do not easily lend themselves to the same conventional formulation type. In these circumstances other formulation types may be prepared. For example, where one active ingredient is a water insoluble solid and the other a water insoluble liquid, it may nevertheless be possible to disperse each active ingredient in the same continuous aqueous phase by dispersing the solid active ingredient as a suspension (using a preparation analogous to that of an SC) but dispersing the liquid active ingredient as an emulsion (using a preparation analogous to that of an EW). The resultant composition is a suspoemulsion (SE) formulation.

The invention is illustrated by the following Examples in which the following abbreviations are used:

ml = millilitres

g = grammes

ppm = parts per million

s = singlet

d = doublet

t = triplet

q = quartet

m = multiplet

b = broad

m.p. = melting point

THF = tetrahydrofuran

DCM = dichloromethane

DMF = *N,N*-dimethylformamide

DMSO = dimethylsulphoxide

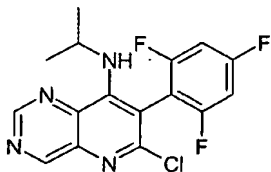
DMAP = 4-dimethylaminopyridine

NMR = nuclear magnetic resonance

EDC = 1-ethyl-3-*N,N*-dimethylamino-propylcarbodiimide hydrochloride

#### EXAMPLE 1

This Example illustrates the preparation of [6-chloro-7-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[3,2-d]pyrimidin-8-yl]-isopropylamine, Compound No. 3 from Table 1.



Step 1

Potassium 5-nitro-2,6-dioxo-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyrimidine-4-carboxylate (40.0 g) was refluxed in ethanol (400 ml) containing concentrated sulphuric acid (60 ml) for 8 hours. The mixture was cooled and filtered and the solid washed with ethanol to give 5-nitro-2,6-dioxo-1,2,3,6-tetrahydro-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester as a white powder (49.54 g), m.p. 259°C

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sup>6</sup>-DMSO) δ ppm: 1.28 (t,3H), 4.35 (q,2H), 5.10 (bs,1H), 12.0 (s,1 H)

Step 2

Phosphorus oxychloride (156 ml) was added to a mixture of the product from Step 1 (15.4 g) and *N,N*-diethylaniline (20 ml) and stirred for 30 minutes at room temperature. The reaction was then refluxed for 1.5 hour and the phosphorus oxychloride was evaporated, and the residue was put on ice and extracted with diethyl ether. The ether fraction was washed with 2 M hydrochloric acid, saturated sodium bicarbonate and water, and then the ether was evaporated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (40-60) eluting with hexane:ethyl acetate (4:1) to give 2,4-dichloro-6-nitro-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester as a light brown oil (15.5 g).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (d<sup>6</sup>-DMSO) δ ppm: 1.4 (t,3H), 4.5 (q,2H)

Step 3

The product from step 2 (2.64 g) was hydrogenated at room temperature at a pressure of 3.75 bar hydrogen gas for 5 hours, in dioxane (180 ml) and in the presence of magnesium oxide (1.96 g) and 5% palladium on carbon (2.44 g). The reaction mixture was filtered through celite, washed with dioxane, ethyl acetate, and methanol. The solvents were combined and evaporated and the reaction mixture was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (40-60) eluting with ethyl acetate to give 5-amino-2-chloro-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester as a yellow solid (1.38 g).

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm: 1.45 (t,3H), 4.5 (q,2H), 5.75 (bs,2H), 8.3 (s,1H).

Step 4

The product from Step 3 (0.64 g) in methanol (60 ml) and triethylamine (0.66 ml) was hydrogenated at a pressure of 3.50 bar hydrogen gas in the presence of 5% palladium on carbon (0.64 g) for 3 hours. The reaction mixture was filtered through celite and washed with methanol, and the methanol was evaporated. The residue was purified by column

chromatography on silica gel (40-60) eluting with hexane:ethyl acetate (1:2) to give 5-amino-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester as a yellow solid (0.150 g).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm: 1.48 (t,3H), 4.48 (q,2H), 5.71 (bs, 2 H), 8.41 (s,1H), 8.68 (s,1H)

#### Step 5

5 To the product from Step 4 (0.755 g) in dry DCM (50 ml) in an ice bath was added pyridine (0.73 ml), followed after 5 minutes by a slow addition of 2,4,6-trifluorophenylacetyl chloride (1.41 g) in dry DCM (10 ml). The reaction mixture was stirred for 3 hours and allowed to warm to room temperature. A further portion of 2,4,6-trifluorophenylacetyl chloride (0.3 g) was added and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 1 hour. The  
10 DCM was evaporated, and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (40-60) eluting with hexane:ethyl acetate (1:1), to give 5-[2-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-acetylamino]-pyrimidine-4-carboxylic acid ethyl ester as a white-solid (1.1 g).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm: 1.48 (t,3H), 3.88 (s,2H), 4.5 (q,2H), 6.78 (m,2H), 9.06 (s,1H), 10.2 (s,1H), 10.8 (s,1H).

#### Step 6

15 The product from Step 5 (0.55 g) was heated with potassium carbonate (0.056 g) in dry DMF (25 ml) at 125°C for 1 hour. The DMF was evaporated, and the residue treated with water and acidified with dilute aqueous hydrochloric acid, and then extracted with ethyl acetate. The ethyl acetate was dried over magnesium sulphate, filtered and evaporated. The residue  
20 was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (40-60) eluting with ethyl acetate:methanol (1:1), and then triturated with diethyl ether to give 6-hydroxy-7-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-5H-pyrido[3,2-d]pyrimidin-8-one as a brown solid (0.083 g).

$^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{d}^6\text{-DMSO}$ )  $\delta$  ppm: 7.12 (m,2H), 8.71 (s,1H), 8.87 (bs,1H), 10.82 (bs,1H).

#### Step 7

25 The product of Step 6 (0.015 g) was heated with phenyl phosphonic dichloride (1.5 ml) at 165°C overnight, then cooled and poured onto ice, and extracted with ethyl acetate. The organic fraction was dried over magnesium sulphate, and evaporated. The residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (40-60) eluting with hexane:ethyl acetate (1:1), to give 6,8-dichloro-7-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[3,2-d]pyrimidine (0.007 g).

30  $^1\text{H}$  NMR ( $\text{CDCl}_3$ )  $\delta$  ppm: 6.9 (m,2H), 9.58 (s,1H), 9.68 (s,1H).

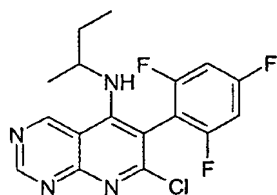
Step 8

The product from Step 7 (0.007 g) was stirred in isopropylamine (2 ml) at room temperature overnight in sealed tube. The reaction mixture was evaporated and the residue was purified by column chromatography on silica gel (40-60) eluting with hexane:ethyl acetate (2:1) to give the title compound [6-chloro-7-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[3,2-d]pyrimidin-8-yl]-isopropylamine (0.004 g).

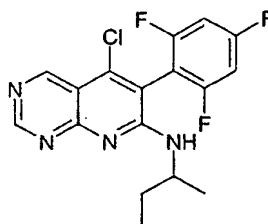
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm: 1.12 (d, 6H), 3.32 (m, 1H), 6.82 (t, 2H), 6.92 (m, 1H), 9.2 (s, 1H), 9.38 (s, 1H).

## EXAMPLE 2

This Example illustrates the preparation of *sec*-butyl-[7-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-5-yl]-amine (Compound No. 23 from Table 11) and *sec*-butyl-[5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidin-7-yl]-amine (Compound No. 23 from Table 16)



Compound 23, Table 11



Compound 23, Table 16

Step 1

4-Amino-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid hydrochloride (10.4 g) was suspended in ethanol (300 ml) at room temperature. DMAP (14.6 g) was added in one portion and the reaction stirred to give a clear yellow solution. EDC (11.5 g) was then added, and the reaction was stirred at room temperature for 17 hours. The solvent was removed to leave a solid, which was dissolved in water and extracted with DCM (2x 200ml). The DCM fraction was dried over magnesium sulphate, and then evaporated to give 4-amino-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid methyl ester as a buff solid (16.2 g), as a 1:1 mixture with DMAP, which was used without further purification.

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm: 1.35 (t, 3H), 4.35 (q, 2H), 6.7 (bs, 1H), 7.8 (bs, 1H), 8.5 (s, 1H), 8.9 (s, 1H).

Step 2

The crude product from Step 1 (13.5 g) was dissolved in dry DCM (100ml) and then pyridine (10ml) was added giving a dark brown solution. The stirred solution was cooled in an ice bath, and the 2,4,6-trifluorophenylacetyl chloride (9.0 g) in dry DCM (100ml) was added dropwise. The mixture was stirred for 6 hours and stood overnight. A further portion of acid chloride (3.0 g) was added and the reaction was stirred for another 10 hours. The solvent was evaporated to give an orange sludge. Water was added and the solid was dissolved in ethyl acetate and then washed with sodium bicarbonate solution and a small amount of 1M hydrochloric acid (10 ml) solution. The water and the ethyl acetate fraction was dried over magnesium sulphate. The solvent was evaporated to yield a solid, which was triturated with ether to give 4-[2-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-acetylamino]-pyrimidine-5-carboxylic acid ethyl ester as a buff coloured solid (10.3 g).  
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm: 1.45 (t,3H), 4.2 (s,2H), 4.45 (q,2H) 6.75 (t,2H), 9.05 (bs,1H), 9.2 (s,1H), 11.0 (s,1H).

Step 3

The product from Step 2 (0.90 g) was dissolved in DMF (10 ml) and was added dropwise to a stirred suspension of sodium hydride (0.32 g of a 60% dispersion in oil) in DMF (20 ml). The reaction was stirred at room temperature for 2 hours and then heated to 80°C for 8 hours. The reaction mixture was cooled and the DMF was evaporated to give a yellow solid, which was then acidified with dilute aqueous hydrochloric acid. The white suspension was filtered and collected, washed with diethyl ether and dried to give 6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-8H-pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidine-5,7-dione (0.30 g).  
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CD<sub>3</sub>OD) δ ppm: 7.0 (t,2H), 9.0 (s,1H), 9.25 (s,1H).

Step 4

The product from Step 3 (0.12 g) was suspended in phosphorus oxychloride (5.0 ml) and stirred at room temperature. Phosphorus pentachloride (0.10 g) was added and the reaction was brought to reflux for 17 hours. The reaction was cooled and solvents were evaporated to give a brown oil, which was poured onto ice and stirred for 10 minutes. The crude mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate, and the organic fraction was washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate and then dried over magnesium sulphate. The solvent was evaporated to give 5,7-dichloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[2,3-d]pyrimidine as a brown solid (0.075 g).  
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm: 6.5 (bs,H), 6.75 (t,2H), 9.1 (bs,1H), 11.4 (s,1H).

Step 5

The product from Step 4 (0.1 g) was dissolved in DMF (2 ml). *Sec*-butylamine (0.05 ml) and DMAP (0.01 g) were added and the mixture was stirred in a sealed tube at 40°C for 14 hours. The yellow coloured reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether, washed with

brine and dried over sodium sulphate. After evaporation of the solvent the resulting yellow gum, which was a mixture of two isomers, was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (40-60) in toluene:diethyl ether 1:1 to give two isomers:

*sec*-butyl-[7-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl]-amine, as a yellow solid (0.04g), m.p. 193 °C:

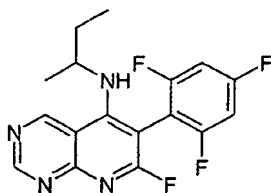
<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm: 0.79 (td,3H), 1.11 (d,3H), 1.49 (m,2H), 4.49 (m,1H), 4.61 (m,1H), 6.74 (t,2H), 9.15 (s,1H), 9.30 (s,1H);

*sec*-butyl-[5-chloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-7-yl]-amine as a white solid (0.035g), m.p. 179 °C:

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm: 0.79 (t,3H), 1.15 (d,3H), 1.51 (m,2H), 3.68 (m,1H), 4.49 (m,1H), 6.68 (t,2H), 9.32 (s,1H), 9.48 (s,1H).

## EXAMPLE 3

This Example illustrates the preparation of *sec*-butyl-[7-fluoro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[2,3-*d*]pyrimidin-5-yl]-amine (Compound No. 23 from Table 26).

Step 1

5,7-Dichloro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine (0.3 g) was dissolved in dry sulfolane (2 ml). Spray dried potassium fluoride (0.16 g) was added and the mixture was heated in a sealed tube at 100°C for 14 hours. The honey coloured reaction mixture was cooled to ambient temperature, diluted with diethyl ether, and then washed with water to give a yellow oil, which was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (40-60) eluting with toluene:diethyl ether, 1:1, to give 5,7-difluoro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[2,3-*d*]pyrimidine as a light yellow solid, m.p. 248 °C

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm: 6.82 (td,2H), 9.58 (s,1H), 9.79 (s,1H).

Step 2

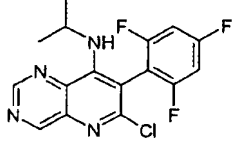
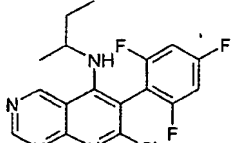
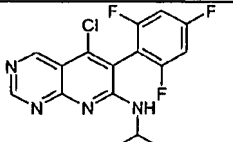
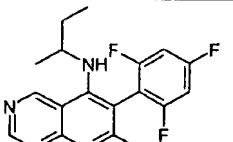
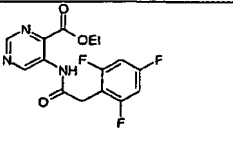
The product from Step 1 (0.13g) was dissolved in DMF (4 ml). *Sec*-butylamine (0.2 ml) and DMAP (0.01 g) were added and the mixture was stirred in a sealed tube at 40°C for 14 hours. The light yellow coloured reaction mixture was diluted with diethyl ether, washed

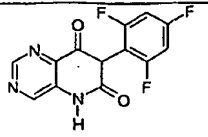
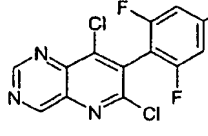
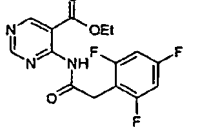
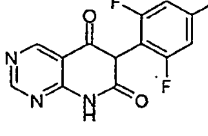
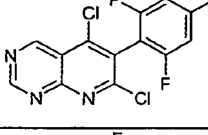
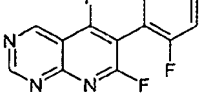
5 with brine and dried over sodium sulphate. After evaporation of the solvent the resulting colourless gum was purified by flash column chromatography on silica gel (40-60) in toluene:diethyl ether 1:1 to give *sec*-butyl-[7-fluoro-6-(2,4,6-trifluorophenyl)-pyrido[2,3-

10 d]pyrimidin-5-yl]-amine as a white solid (0.08g), m.p.199 °C:

<sup>1</sup>H NMR (CDCl<sub>3</sub>) δ ppm: 0.78 (m,3H), 1.21 (t,3H), 1.51 (m,2H), 4.02 (m,2H), 6.71 (t,2H), 9.09 (s,1H), 9.21 (s,1H).

Table 132

Compound No.	Table No.	Compound Structure	NMR data (ppm, in CDCl <sub>3</sub> , unless otherwise stated) or Mpt.
3	1		1.12 (d,6H), 3.32 (m,1H), 6.82 (t,2H), 6.92 (m,1H), 9.2 (s,1H), 9.38 (s,1H).
23	11		191-193°C
23	16		176-179°C
23	26		199°C
1	131		1.48 (t,3H), 3.88 (s,2H), 4.5 (q,2H), 6.78 (m,2H), 9.06 (s,1H), 10.2 (s,1H), 10.8 (s,1H).

1	128		7.12 (m,2H), 8.71 (s,1H), 8.87 (bs,1H), 10.82 (bs,1H).
1	129		6.9 (m,2H), 9.58 (s,1H), 9.68 (s,1H).
13	127		1.45 (t,3H), 4.2 (s,2H), 4.45 (q,2H) 6.75 (t,2H), 9.05 (bs,1H), 9.2 (s,1H), 11.0 (s,1H)
13	128		7.0 (t,2H), 9.0 (s,1H), 9.25 (s,1H).
13	129		6.5 (bs,H), 6.75 (t,2H), 9.1 (bs,1H), 11.4 (s,1H) .
13	130		248°C

## EXAMPLE 4

This Example illustrates the fungicidal properties of the compounds of the general formula (1).

5 Compounds were tested in a leaf disk assay, with methods described below. Test compounds were dissolved in DMSO, and diluted into water to 200 ppm.

*Erysiphe graminis f.sp. hordei* (barley powdery mildew): barley leaf segments were placed on agar in a 24-well plate and sprayed with a solution of the test compound. After allowing to dry completely, for between 12 and 24 hours, the leaf disks were inoculated with a spore  
 10 suspension of the fungus. After appropriate incubation the activity of a compound was assessed four days after inoculation as preventive fungicidal activity.

*Erysiphe graminis f.sp. tritici* (wheat powdery mildew): wheat leaf segments were placed on agar in a 24-well plate and sprayed with a solution of the test compound. After allowing to



dry completely, for between 12 and 24 hours, the leaf disks were inoculated with a spore suspension of the fungus. After appropriate incubation the activity of a compound was assessed four days after inoculation as preventive fungicidal activity.

5 *Pyricularia oryzae* (rice blast): rice leaf segments were placed on agar in a 24-well plate and sprayed with a solution of the test compound. After allowing to dry completely, for between 12 and 24 hours, the leaf disks were inoculated with a spore suspension of the fungus. After appropriate incubation the activity of a compound was assessed four days after inoculation as preventive fungicidal activity.

10 The following compounds gave greater than 60% control of disease (number of compound first, followed by table number in brackets):

*Erysiphe graminis f.sp. hordei*, Compound 3 (1);

*Erysiphe graminis f.sp. tritici*, Compound 3 (1);

*Pyricularia oryzae*, Compound 3 (1).